

AbraSilver Receives Key Environmental Approval from Salta Authorities for Diablillos

13:45 Uhr | [Newsfile](#)

Toronto, April 27, 2026 - [AbraSilver Resource Corp.](#) (TSX: ABRA) (OTCQX: ABBRF) ("AbraSilver" or the "Company") is very pleased to announce that it has received approval of the Environmental Impact Assessment ("Declaración de Impacto Ambiental" or "DIA") from the Government of Salta Province for its wholly-owned Diablillos silver-gold project ("Diablillos" or the "Project") in Argentina.

The DIA is the principal environmental approval required in Salta Province for mining projects to advance to construction and commence operations. Receipt of this approval represents a significant milestone in the advancement of Diablillos and confirms that the Project has met the rigorous environmental, social and technical standards established by provincial authorities.

John Miniotis, President and CEO, commented, "Receiving the DIA approval is a major achievement for AbraSilver and a key step toward advancing Diablillos to a construction decision. We greatly appreciate the strong collaboration and support from the authorities and local communities throughout the permitting process. This milestone significantly de-risks the Project and further reinforces our confidence in Diablillos as a premier undeveloped silver-gold asset globally."

The approval follows a comprehensive technical review process conducted by Salta's environmental and mining authorities, which included evaluation of detailed baseline environmental studies, water management plans, infrastructure design, and community engagement initiatives. The Company has worked closely with local stakeholders to ensure the Project is developed in accordance with high environmental standards and responsible mining practices.

With the receipt of this key approval, the Company is rapidly advancing critical development workstreams, including completion of the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS), detailed engineering, early works studies and project financing initiatives, all aimed at supporting a formal construction decision.

Catamarca Permitting Update

In parallel, the environmental permitting process in Catamarca Province is progressing well. In recent days, the Company conducted technical presentations with the Antofagasta de la Sierra and Ciénaga Redonda communities, hosted a site visit by authorities, key stakeholders, and representatives of the local community, and held a public consultation meeting in the Ciénaga Redonda community, which received strong support from local residents and suppliers. As part of the consultation process, the project file will remain open for public review until May 7, at which point the process will be completed. Thereafter, the Company expects to receive the corresponding Environmental Impact Declaration (DIA) approval from Catamarca provincial authorities, which would represent the final major permitting milestone for the Project.

About Diablillos

The Diablillos property is located within the Puna region of Argentina, in the southern part of Salta Province along the border with Catamarca Province, approximately 160 km southwest of the city of Salta and 375 km northwest of the city of Catamarca. AbraSilver acquired the property in 2016, which comprises 15 contiguous and overlapping mineral concessions with excellent year-round road access.

Exploration to date has outlined multiple occurrences of silver-gold oxide mineralization at Oculito, JAC, Laderas, and Fantasma, located within a 500 m to 1.5 km distance surrounding the Oculito/JAC epicentre. To date, over 150,000 metres have been drilled on the property, which continues to demonstrate the strong

growth potential of shallow, oxide-hosted silver and gold resources. In addition, a large porphyry complex is centered approximately 4 km northeast of Oculito which includes outcropping porphyry intrusions within a major zone of alteration and associated gold rich epithermal mineralization.

Comparatively nearby examples of high sulphidation epithermal deposits include: La Coipa (Chile); Yanacocha (Peru); El Indio (Chile); Lagunas Nortes/Alto Chicama (Peru) Veladero (Argentina); and Filo del Sol (Argentina). The most recent Mineral Resource estimate for Diablillos is shown in Table 1:

Table 1 - Diablillos Mineral Resource Estimate - As of July 21, 2025

Zone	Category	Tonnes (000 t)	Ag (g/t)	Au (g/t)	AgEq (g/t)	Contained Ag (000 Oz Ag)	Contained Au (000 Oz Ag)	Contained AgEq (000 Oz Ag)
	Measured	26,545	119	0.71	183	101,564	604	156,487
	Indicated	46,584	56	0.63	114	84,430	948	170,592
Tank Leach Oxides	Measured & Indicated	73,129	79	0.66	139	185,994	1,553	327,078
	Inferred	9,693	34	0.57	86	10,616	176	26,647
	Measured	6,673	16	0.14	25	3,486	30	5,342
	Indicated	24,102	12	0.17	23	9,163	133	17,506
Heap Leach Oxides	Measured & Indicated	30,774	13	0.16	23	12,649	162	22,848
	Inferred	10,024	9	0.20	21	2,811	64	6,850
	Measured	33,218	98	0.59	152	105,050	634	161,829
	Indicated	70,686	41	0.48	83	93,593	1,081	188,098
Total	Oxides Measured & Indicated	103,904	59	0.51	105	198,643	1,715	349,927
	Inferred	19,628	21	0.38	53	13,427	241	33,496

Footnotes for Tank Leach Resource:

1. Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and have not demonstrated economic viability.
2. The formula for calculating AgEq is as follows: Silver Eq Oz = Silver Oz + Gold Oz x (Gold Price/Silver Price) x (Gold Recovery/Silver Recovery).
3. The Mineral Resource model was populated using Ordinary Kriging grade estimation within a three-dimensional block model and mineralized zones defined by wireframed solids, which are a combination of lithology and alteration domains. The 1m composite grades were capped where appropriate.
4. The Mineral Resource is reported inside a conceptual Whittle open pit shell derived using US\$ 27.50/oz Ag price, US \$2,400/oz Au price, 83% process recovery for Ag, and 87% process recovery for Au.
5. The constraining open pit optimization parameters used were US \$1.94/t mining cost, US \$22.96/t processing cost, US \$3.32/t G&A cost, and average 51-degree open pit slopes.
6. The MRE has been categorized in accordance with the CIM Definition Standards (CIM, 2014).
7. A Net Value per block [NVB] calculation was used to constrain the Mineral Resource, determine the "Benefits = Income-Cost", where, Income = [(Au Selling Price (US\$/oz) - Au Selling Cost (USD/Oz)) x (Au grade (g/t)/31.1035)) x Au Recovery (%)] + [(Ag Selling Price (US\$/oz) - Ag Selling Cost (USD/Oz)) x (Ag grade (g/t)/31.1035)) x Ag Recovery (%)] and Cost = Mining Cost (US\$/t) + Process Cost (US\$/t) + Transport Cost (US\$/t) + G&A Cost (US\$/t) + [Royalty Cost (%) x Income]
8. The Mineral Resource is sub-horizontal with sub-vertical feeders and a reasonable prospect for eventual economic extraction by open pit and tank leach processing methods.
9. In-situ bulk density were assigned to each model domain, according to samples averages for each lithology domain, separated by alteration zones and subset by oxidation.
10. All tonnages reported are dry metric tonnes and ounces of contained gold are troy ounces.
11. Mining recovery and dilution factors have not been applied to the Mineral Resource estimates.
12. The Mineral Resource was estimated by Luis Rodrigo Peralta, B.Sc., FAusIMM CP (Geo), Independent Qualified Person under NI 43-101.
13. Mr. Peralta is not aware of any environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues that could materially affect the potential development of the Mineral Resource.
14. All figures are rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimates. Minor discrepancies may occur due to rounding to appropriate significant figures.

Footnotes for Heap Leach Resource:

1. Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and have not demonstrated economic viability.

2. The formula for calculating AgEq is as follows: $\text{Silver Eq Oz} = \text{Silver Oz} + \text{Gold Oz} \times (\text{Gold Price/Silver Price}) \times (\text{Gold Recovery/Silver Recovery})$.
3. The Mineral Resource model was populated using Ordinary Kriging grade estimation within a three-dimensional block model and mineralized zones defined by wireframed solids, which are a combination of lithology and alteration domains. The 1m composite grades were capped where appropriate.
4. The Mineral Resource is reported inside a conceptual Whittle open pit shell derived using US\$ 27.50/oz Ag price, US \$2,400/oz Au price, 80% process recovery for Ag, and 58% process recovery for Au.
5. The constraining open pit optimization parameters used and overall operational cost of US \$11.31/t.
6. The MRE has been categorized in accordance with the CIM Definition Standards (CIM, 2014).
7. A Net Value per block [NVB] calculation was used to constrain the Mineral Resource, determine the "Benefits = Income-Cost", where, $\text{Income} = [(\text{Au Selling Price (US\$/oz)} - \text{Au Selling Cost (USD/Oz)}) \times (\text{Au grade (g/t)/31.1035}) \times \text{Au Recovery (\%)}] + [(\text{Ag Selling Price (US\$/oz)} - \text{Ag Selling Cost (USD/Oz)}) \times (\text{Ag grade (g/t)/31.1035}) \times \text{Ag Recovery (\%)}]$ and $\text{Cost} = \text{Mining Cost (US\$/t)} + \text{Process Cost (US\$/t)} + \text{Transport Cost (US\$/t)} + \text{G\&A Cost (US\$/t)} + [\text{Royalty Cost (\%)} \times \text{Income}]$
8. In-situ bulk density were assigned to each model domain, according to samples averages for each lithology domain, separated by alteration zones and subset by oxidation.
9. All tonnages reported are dry metric tonnes and ounces of contained gold are troy ounces.
10. Mining recovery and dilution factors have not been applied to the Mineral Resource estimates.
11. The Mineral Resource was estimated by Mr. Peralta, B.Sc., FAusIMM CP (Geo), Independent Qualified Person under NI 43-101.
12. Mr. Peralta is not aware of any environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues that could materially affect the potential development of the Mineral Resource.
13. All figures are rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimates. Minor discrepancies may occur due to rounding to appropriate significant figures.

QA/QC and Core Sampling Protocols

AbraSilver applies industry standard exploration methodologies and techniques, and all drill core samples are collected under the supervision of the Company's geologists in accordance with industry best practices. Drill core is transported from the drill platform to the logging facility where drill data is compared and verified with the core in the trays. Thereafter, it is logged, photographed, and split by diamond saw prior to being sampled. Samples are then bagged, and quality control materials are inserted at regular intervals at site; these include blanks and certified reference materials as well as duplicate core samples which are collected in order to assess sampling precision and reproducibility. Groups of samples are then placed in large bags which are sealed with numbered tags in order to maintain a chain-of-custody during the transport of the samples from the project site to the laboratory.

All samples are received by the ASA (Alex Stewart Argentina) preparation laboratory in Salta, where they are prepared, then the pulp sachet is directly dispatched to its facility in Mendoza, Argentina, where they are analyzed. All samples are analyzed using a multi-element technique consisting of a four-acid digestion followed by ICP/AES detection, and gold is analyzed by 50g Fire Assay with an AAS finish. Silver results greater than 100g/t are re-analyzed using four acid digestion with an ore grade AAS finish.

Qualified Persons

David O'Connor P.Geo., Chief Geologist for AbraSilver, is the Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects, and he has reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information in this news release.

About AbraSilver

AbraSilver is an advanced-stage exploration company focused on rapidly advancing its 100%-owned Diablillos silver-gold project in the mining-friendly Puna region of Argentina. The current Measured and Indicated Mineral Resource estimate for Diablillos (tank leach-only) consists of 73.1 Mt grading 79 g/t Ag and 0.66 g/t Au, containing approximately 186Moz of silver and 1.6Moz of gold, with significant further upside potential based on recent exploration drilling. The Company is led by an experienced management team and has long-term supportive shareholders. In addition, the Company has an earn-in option and joint venture agreement with Teck on the La Coipita project, located in the San Juan province of Argentina. AbraSilver is listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "ABRA" and in the U.S. on the OTCQX under the

symbol "ABBRF."

For further information please visit the AbraSilver Resource website at www.abrasilver.com, our LinkedIn page at AbraSilver Resource Corp., and follow us on X at www.x.com/abrasilver

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