

AbraSilver Expands Gold Mineralization at Oculito East with Broad Step-Out Intercepts

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Highlight Intercept of 171 Metres Grading 0.83 g/t Gold, Including 9 Metres at 3.46 g/t Gold

Toronto, April 13, 2026 - [AbraSilver Resource Corp.](#) (TSX: ABRA) (OTCQX: ABBRF) ("AbraSilver" or the "Company") is pleased to report new assay results from four diamond drill holes from the ongoing Phase VI drill program at its wholly-owned Diablillos project in Argentina (the "Project").

The latest results from the Oculito East target area continue to demonstrate strong potential to expand mineralization beyond the current open pit constrained Mineral Resource estimate.

Highlight Drill Results:

Widths are reported as drilled; true widths are not yet known.

- Hole DDH 26-008 encountered a broad, continuous zone of gold-dominant mineralization, returning 171.0 metres ("m) grading 0.83 g/t gold and 10.3 g/t silver from 230 m downhole, including:
 - 9.0 m at 3.46 g/t gold and 16.0 g/t silver
 - The hole also encountered a shallow 20.0 m zone grading 0.35 g/t gold and 57.0 g/t silver from only 79 m downhole
- Hole DDH 26-006 intersected multiple mineralized intervals, including a broad zone of 56.0 m grading 0.29 g/t gold and 8.0 g/t silver from 109 m downhole

John Miniotis, President and CEO, commented, "The ongoing results from Oculito East continue to demonstrate the strong potential to expand mineralization beyond the current Mineral Resource and conceptual open pit limits. The consistency of broad gold-dominant intercepts, along with higher-grade intervals, reinforces our confidence in the scale of the system and highlights the significant opportunity for continued Mineral Resource growth."

Table 1 - Summary of Key Drill Intercepts

Intercepts greater than 25 gram-metres gold shown in bolded text:

Drill Hole	From (m)	To (m)	Type	Interval (m)	Au g/t	Au g/t
DDH 26-005	10.0	112.0	Oxides	2.0	0.63	-
DDH 26-005	120.0	121.0	Oxides	1.0	1.25	-
DDH 26-005	140.0	144.0	Oxides	4.0	0.66	5.1
DDH 26-006	65.0	69.0	Oxides	4.0	0.76	-
DDH 26-006	109.0	165.0	Oxides	56.0	0.29	8.0
DDH 26-006	231.0	240.0	Oxides	9.0	0.26	14.0
DDH 26-007	77.0	110.0	Oxides	13.0	1.02	-
DDH 26-008	79.0	99.0	Oxides	20.0	0.35	57.0
DDH 26-008	100.0	125.0	Oxides	25.0	0.37	7.3

	185.0	198.0	Oxides	13.0	0.35	11.4
	230.0	401.0	Oxides	171.0	0.83	10.3
including	321.0	330.0	Oxides	9.0	3.46	16.0

Note: All results in this news release are rounded. Assays are uncut & undiluted. Widths are drilled widths, not true widths. True widths are unknown

Dave O'Connor, Chief Geologist, commented, "Drilling at Oculito East continues to intersect broad zones of oxide gold and silver mineralization beyond the current Mineral Resource boundary. The presence of higher-grade intervals within these broader zones supports our geological interpretation and highlights the potential to increase Mineral Resources in this area."

Details on Drill Results - Oculito East

Oculito East remains the primary focus of the ongoing Phase VI drill program, with results to date highlighting the potential for meaningful Mineral Resource expansion.

The latest drill results continue to confirm that mineralization extends several hundred metres east of the currently defined open pit margin, with the system remaining open along strike and at depth.

Hole DDH 26-008 returned the strongest intercept, demonstrating a thick, continuous zone of gold-dominant mineralization with localized higher-grade intervals, highlighting both scale and grade continuity. Hole DDH 26-006 intersected multiple mineralized zones closer to surface, supporting lateral continuity of mineralization across the target area.

Additional drill holes completed in this area also intersected broad zones of gold and silver mineralization, consistent with the Company's geological model and reinforcing the potential for continued expansion at Oculito East.

Figure 1 -Plan View of Drill Results

To view an enhanced version of this graphic, please visit:
https://images.newsfilecorp.com/files/11792/291988_a9fa6603d41ca89f_001full.jpg

Figure 2 - Section Through Latest Drill Holes

To view an enhanced version of this graphic, please visit:
https://images.newsfilecorp.com/files/11792/291988_d1645519e4a4486c_001full.jpg

Collar Data

Hole Number	UTM Coordinates	Elevation	Azimuth	Dip	Depth (m)	Area
DDH 26-005	721022 7199835	4352	180	-60	250	Oculito East
DDH 26-006	721143 7199871	4365	180	-60	320	Oculito East
DDH 26-007	720989 7199176	4431	0	-60	299	Oculito East
DDH 26-008	720941 7199633	4388	175	-60	401	Oculito East

About Diablillos

The Diablillos property is located within the Puna region of Argentina, in the southern part of Salta Province along the border with Catamarca Province, approximately 160 km southwest of the city of Salta and 375 km

northwest of the city of Catamarca. AbraSilver acquired the property in 2016, which comprises 15 contiguous and overlapping mineral concessions with excellent year-round road access.

Exploration to date has outlined multiple occurrences of silver-gold oxide mineralization at Oculito, JAC, Laderas, and Fantasma, located within a 500 m to 1.5 km distance surrounding the Oculito/JAC epicentre. To date, over 150,000 metres have been drilled on the property, which continues to demonstrate the strong growth potential of shallow, oxide-hosted silver and gold resources. In addition, a large porphyry complex is centered approximately 4 km northeast of Oculito which includes outcropping porphyry intrusions within a major zone of alteration and associated gold rich epithermal mineralization.

Comparatively nearby examples of high sulphidation epithermal deposits include: La Coipa (Chile); Yanacocha (Peru); El Indio (Chile); Lagunas Nortes/Alto Chicama (Peru) Veladero (Argentina); and Filo del Sol (Argentina). The most recent Mineral Resource estimate for Diablillos is shown in Table 2:

Table 2 - Diablillos Mineral Resource Estimate - As of July 21, 2025

Zone	Category	Tonnes (000 t)	Ag (g/t)	Au (g/t)	AgEq (g/t)	Contained Ag (000 Oz Ag)	Contained Au (000 Oz Ag)	Contained AgEq (000 Oz Ag)
	Measured	26,545	119	0.71	183	101,564	604	156,487
	Indicated	46,584	56	0.63	114	84,430	948	170,592
Tank Leach Oxides	Measured & Indicated	73,129	79	0.66	139	185,994	1,553	327,078
	Inferred	9,693	34	0.57	86	10,616	176	26,647
	Measured	6,673	16	0.14	25	3,486	30	5,342
	Indicated	24,102	12	0.17	23	9,163	133	17,506
Heap Leach Oxides	Measured & Indicated	30,774	13	0.16	23	12,649	162	22,848
	Inferred	10,024	9	0.20	21	2,811	64	6,850
	Measured	33,218	98	0.59	152	105,050	634	161,829
	Indicated	70,686	41	0.48	83	93,593	1,081	188,098
Total	Oxides Measured & Indicated	103,904	59	0.51	105	198,643	1,715	349,927
	Inferred	19,628	21	0.38	53	13,427	241	33,496

Footnotes for Tank Leach Resource:

1. Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and have not demonstrated economic viability.
2. The formula for calculating AgEq is as follows: Silver Eq Oz = Silver Oz + Gold Oz x (Gold Price/Silver Price) x (Gold Recovery/Silver Recovery).
3. The Mineral Resource model was populated using Ordinary Kriging grade estimation within a three-dimensional block model and mineralized zones defined by wireframed solids, which are a combination of lithology and alteration domains. The 1m composite grades were capped where appropriate.
4. The Mineral Resource is reported inside a conceptual Whittle open pit shell derived using US\$ 27.50/oz Ag price, US \$2,400/oz Au price, 83% process recovery for Ag, and 87% process recovery for Au.
5. The constraining open pit optimization parameters used were US \$1.94/t mining cost, US \$22.96/t processing cost, US \$3.32/t G&A cost, and average 51-degree open pit slopes.
6. The MRE has been categorized in accordance with the CIM Definition Standards (CIM, 2014).
7. A Net Value per block [NVB] calculation was used to constrain the Mineral Resource, determine the "Benefits = Income-Cost", where, Income = [(Au Selling Price (US\$/oz) - Au Selling Cost (USD/Oz)) x (Au grade (g/t)/31.1035)] x Au Recovery (%) + [(Ag Selling Price (US\$/oz) - Ag Selling Cost (USD/Oz)) x (Ag grade (g/t)/31.1035)] x Ag Recovery (%) and Cost = Mining Cost (US\$/t) + Process Cost (US\$/t) + Transport Cost (US\$/t) + G&A Cost (US\$/t) + [Royalty Cost (%) x Income]
8. The Mineral Resource is sub-horizontal with sub-vertical feeders and a reasonable prospect for eventual economic extraction by open pit and tank leach processing methods.
9. In-situ bulk density were assigned to each model domain, according to samples averages for each lithology domain, separated by alteration zones and subset by oxidation.
10. All tonnages reported are dry metric tonnes and ounces of contained gold are troy ounces.
11. Mining recovery and dilution factors have not been applied to the Mineral Resource estimates.
12. The Mineral Resource was estimated by Luis Rodrigo Peralta, B.Sc., FAusIMM CP (Geo), Independent Qualified Person under NI 43-101.
13. Mr. Peralta is not aware of any environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues that could materially affect the potential development of the Mineral Resource.

14. All figures are rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimates. Minor discrepancies may occur due to rounding to appropriate significant figures.

Footnotes for Heap Leach Resource:

1. Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and have not demonstrated economic viability.
2. The formula for calculating AgEq is as follows: $\text{Silver Eq Oz} = \text{Silver Oz} + \text{Gold Oz} \times (\text{Gold Price/Silver Price}) \times (\text{Gold Recovery/Silver Recovery})$.
3. The Mineral Resource model was populated using Ordinary Kriging grade estimation within a three-dimensional block model and mineralized zones defined by wireframed solids, which are a combination of lithology and alteration domains. The 1m composite grades were capped where appropriate.
4. The Mineral Resource is reported inside a conceptual Whittle open pit shell derived using US\$ 27.50/oz Ag price, US \$2,400/oz Au price, 80% process recovery for Ag, and 58% process recovery for Au.
5. The constraining open pit optimization parameters used and overall operational cost of US \$11.31/t.
6. The MRE has been categorized in accordance with the CIM Definition Standards (CIM, 2014).
7. A Net Value per block [NVB] calculation was used to constrain the Mineral Resource, determine the "Benefits = Income-Cost", where, $\text{Income} = [(\text{Au Selling Price (US\$/oz)} - \text{Au Selling Cost (USD/Oz)}) \times (\text{Au grade (g/t)/31.1035}) \times \text{Au Recovery (\%)}] + [(\text{Ag Selling Price (US\$/oz)} - \text{Ag Selling Cost (USD/Oz)}) \times (\text{Ag grade (g/t)/31.1035}) \times \text{Ag Recovery (\%)}]$ and $\text{Cost} = \text{Mining Cost (US\$/t)} + \text{Process Cost (US\$/t)} + \text{Transport Cost (US\$/t)} + \text{G\&A Cost (US\$/t)} + [\text{Royalty Cost (\%)} \times \text{Income}]$
8. In-situ bulk density were assigned to each model domain, according to samples averages for each lithology domain, separated by alteration zones and subset by oxidation.
9. All tonnages reported are dry metric tonnes and ounces of contained gold are troy ounces.
10. Mining recovery and dilution factors have not been applied to the Mineral Resource estimates.
11. The Mineral Resource was estimated by Mr. Peralta, B.Sc., FAusIMM CP (Geo), Independent Qualified Person under NI 43-101.
12. Mr. Peralta is not aware of any environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues that could materially affect the potential development of the Mineral Resource.
13. All figures are rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimates. Minor discrepancies may occur due to rounding to appropriate significant figures.

QA/QC and Core Sampling Protocols

AbraSilver applies industry standard exploration methodologies and techniques, and all drill core samples are collected under the supervision of the Company's geologists in accordance with industry best practices. Drill core is transported from the drill platform to the logging facility where drill data is compared and verified with the core in the trays. Thereafter, it is logged, photographed, and split by diamond saw prior to being sampled. Samples are then bagged, and quality control materials are inserted at regular intervals at site; these include blanks and certified reference materials as well as duplicate core samples which are collected in order to assess sampling precision and reproducibility. Groups of samples are then placed in large bags which are sealed with numbered tags in order to maintain a chain-of-custody during the transport of the samples from the project site to the laboratory.

All samples are received by the ASA (Alex Stewart Argentina) preparation laboratory in Salta, where they are prepared, then the pulp sachet is directly dispatched to its facility in Mendoza, Argentina, where they are analyzed. All samples are analyzed using a multi-element technique consisting of a four-acid digestion followed by ICP/AES detection, and gold is analyzed by 50g Fire Assay with an AAS finish. Silver results greater than 100g/t are re-analyzed using four acid digestion with an ore grade AAS finish.

Qualified Persons

David O'Connor P.Geo., Chief Geologist for AbraSilver, is the Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects, and he has reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information in this news release.

About AbraSilver

AbraSilver is an advanced-stage exploration company focused on rapidly advancing its 100%-owned

Diablillos silver-gold project in the mining-friendly Salta province of Argentina. The current Measured and Indicated Mineral Resource estimate for Diablillos (tank leach-only) consists of 73.1 Mt grading 79 g/t Ag and 0.66 g/t Au, containing approximately 186Moz of silver and 1.6Moz of gold, with significant further upside potential based on recent exploration drilling. The Company is led by an experienced management team and has long-term supportive shareholders. In addition, the Company has an earn-in option and joint venture agreement with Teck on the La Coipita project, located in the San Juan province of Argentina. AbraSilver is listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "ABRA" and in the U.S. on the OTCQX under the symbol "ABBRF."

For further information please visit the AbraSilver Resource website at www.abrasilver.com, our LinkedIn page at AbraSilver Resource Corp., and follow us on X at www.x.com/abrasilver

Alternatively, please contact:

John Miniotis, President and CEO
info@abrasilver.com
Tel: +1 416-306-8334

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