

Drilling establishes continuity of high-grade core, bolstering scope for strong early cashflow

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Green Bay Copper-Gold Project, Canada

Latest assays include 70.8m @ 4.0% CuEq including 19.2m @ 7.5% CuEq ; These exceptional results will help underpin a further increase to M&I Resource estimate and economic studies

KEY POINTS

- Outstanding drilling results continue to demonstrate strong continuity of mineralisation at Green Bay, particularly in the high-grade Core Zone and adjacent Volcanogenic Massive Sulphide (VMS) zones
- The latest holes into the +800m zone of thick high-grade copper and gold mineralisation (Core Zone), returned intersections of:
 - 70.8m @ 4.0% copper equivalent (CuEq)¹ (3.4% Cu & 0.6g/t Au) including a high-grade stringer zone of 19.2m @ 7.5% CuEq (7.1% Cu & 0.4g/t Au) (~ true thickness) in hole MUG25-96
 - 53.3m @ 4.1% CuEq (3.4% Cu & 0.8g/t Au) including an upper zone grading 18.2m @ 5.8% CuEq (4.5% Cu & 1.5g/t Au) (~ true thickness) in hole MUG25-209
- The current Green Bay Mineral Resource stands at 50.4Mt @ 2.0% CuEq in the Measured & Indicated (M&I) category and a further 29.3Mt @ 2.5% CuEq in the Inferred category
- The high-grade Core Zone contains 8.8Mt @ 3.9% CuEq of M&I, and an additional 10.9Mt @ 3.8% CuEq of Inferred, Mineral Resource (see ASX announcement dated 18 November 2025).
- The high-grade Core Zone is significant because it has the potential to be an extremely valuable feed source in the early years of future production scenarios. This will be assessed as part of the economic studies that are well underway
 - This Core Zone remains open with the deepest hole drilled to date returning 49.0m @ 6.1% CuEq (see ASX announcement dated 16 October 2025).
- The main upper VMS zones continued to deliver spectacular copper and gold intersections, including:
 - 11.9m @ 8.1% CuEq (6.0% Cu & 2.3g/t Au) in hole MUG25-219 (~ true thickness)
 - 25.7m @ 7.8% CuEq (4.4% Cu & 3.5g/t Au) in hole MUG25-187 (~ true thickness)
 - 16.3m @ 7.7% CuEq (4.3% Cu & 3.5g/t Au) in hole MUG25-206 (~ true thickness)
 - 11.9m @ 6.8% CuEq (2.9% Cu & 3.9g/t Au) in hole MUG25-195 (~ 8.3m true thickness)
 - 14.0m @ 5.9% CuEq (3.0% Cu & 3.0g/t Au) in hole MUG25-169 (~ true thickness)
- Further significant intersections were returned from close-spaced drilling in the Footwall Zone stringer-style mineralisation. Significant intersections include:
 - 20.9m @ 4.5% CuEq (4.2% Cu & 0.3g/t Au) in hole MUG25-216 (~ true thickness)
- Results in this announcement point to strong conversion of current Inferred Mineral Resources into the higher confidence Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources (M&I). This is important because only M&I can be converted into Ore Reserves
- Six rigs continue to operate underground with the aim of growing the M&I Resource and high-grade VMS-style mineralisation for inclusion in the economic studies
- Economic studies remain on track for delivery in mid-2026 and will highlight multiple scenarios for the resumption of upscaled copper and gold production
- Regional exploration continues with drilling of regional geophysical targets; Maiden drilling at the Tilt Cove project is expected in coming months
- The Company is well funded to achieve its growth objectives with ~A\$251 million in cash and liquid investments as at 31 December 2025

¹ Metal equivalent for drill results reported in this announcement have been calculated at a copper price of US\$8,750/t, gold price of US\$2,500/oz, silver price of US\$25/oz and zinc price of US\$2,500/t. Metallurgical recoveries have been set at 95% for copper, 85% for precious metals and 50% for zinc. $CuEq(\%) = Cu(\%) + (Au(g/t) \times 0.82190) + (Ag(g/t) \times 0.0822) + (Zn(\%) \times 0.15038)$. In the opinion of the Company, all elements included in the metal equivalent calculation have a reasonable potential to be recovered and sold based on current market conditions, metallurgical test work, and historical performance achieved at the Green Bay project whilst in operation.

FireFly Managing Director Steve Parsons said: "These outstanding results again emphasise the immense value of the high-grade Core Zone at Green Bay. The latest intersections of well over 3% copper plus significant gold highlight not just the exceptional grades but also the strong continuity of the mineralisation. This zone has the potential to bolster the early economics of a production scenario.

"The results also align with our strategy to create value by growing the Measured & Indicated Resource. The updated Resource will feed into the economic studies now underway. And we are pushing hard to make new discoveries with drilling underway to test regional targets."

PERTH, Australia, April 07, 2026 -- [FireFly Metals Ltd.](#) (ASX, TSX: FFM) (Company or FireFly) is pleased to announce more exceptional drilling results that demonstrate strong continuity in the high-grade mineralisation at the Green Bay Copper-Gold Project in Newfoundland and Labrador, Canada.

Infill drilling of the high-grade Core Zone continues to yield thick high-grade zones of copper and gold where the upper VMS mineralisation converges with the broad stringer zone in the footwall.

Latest results include 70.8m @ 4.0% CuEq and 53.3m @ 4.1% CuEq, confirming the continuity of the Core Zone, which has a current Mineral Resource of 8.8Mt @ 3.9% CuEq M&I and 10.9Mt @ 3.8% CuEq Inferred. The Core Zone has potential to grow and remains open with the deepest hole drilled to date returning an intersection of 49.1m @ 6.1% CuEq (see ASX announcement dated 16 October 2025).

The total Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE) for the Green Bay project stands at 50.4Mt @ 2.0% CuEq M&I and 29.3Mt @ 2.5% CuEq Inferred.

The Core Zone will form an important part of the potential upscaled mine restart currently being evaluated in economic studies, with early mining expected to focus on this high-grade copper and gold zone.

Recent drilling has also defined and extended the mineralisation in the upper copper and gold-rich VMS zones, with intersections of 11.9m @ 8.1% CuEq, 25.7m @ 7.8% CuEq and 16.3m @ 7.7% CuEq. Drilling into the broad FW stringer zone has also returned strong results including 20.9m @ 4.5% CuEq.

Figure 1: Long section through the Green Bay Ming underground mine highlighting the location of select drill results from this announcement only. Results from both the high-grade copper-gold VMS zone and broad copper Footwall Zone are shown. The large scale DHEM conductor (green) beyond the edge of the current Mineral Resource highlights strong potential for the Mineral Resource to continue. Drill assays >0.5% copper are shown in red. All intersections true thickness unless otherwise stated. Refer to Appendix B for all drill results and locations.

The economic studies on the upscaled resumption of copper and gold production at Green Bay are well underway with delivery of the Preliminary Economic Assessment (PEA) / Scoping Study anticipated in mid-2026. This assessment will highlight multiple potential development scenarios for the future operation at Green Bay.

An updated Mineral Resource Estimate will be released prior to the completion of the economic studies.

Drilling continues underground with six rigs focused on a combination of both infill drilling and extending the known Mineral Resource in the high-grade VMS zones.

Regional exploration is starting to accelerate following the winter period. Work has focused on target generation utilising both geophysics, prospecting and historic data compilation. Two surface rigs are currently testing geophysical anomalies in the areas south of the Ming Mine. Drilling at the Company's Tilt Cove project will commence in the coming months.

FireFly is well funded to continue its growth drilling, economic studies and pre-construction early works activities. The Company has A\$251M (~CAD\$230M) in cash and liquid investments as at 31 December

2025.

About the Drilling Results

Drilling at the Ming underground copper-gold mine recommenced following FireFly's acquisition of the Green Bay Copper-Gold Project in October 2023. In total, FireFly has completed ~174,000m of underground diamond drilling up to 31 March 2026.

This announcement contains the results of 49 drill holes. The drilling results focus on infill drilling and holes targeting the lateral margins of the mineralisation. Logging and analysis of additional drill holes is ongoing.

There are two distinct styles of mineralisation present at the Ming Mine, consisting of a series of upper copper-gold rich VMS lenses underlain by a broad copper-rich stringer zone, known as the Footwall Zone (FWZ).

The FWZ is extensive, with the copper stringer mineralisation observed over thicknesses of ~150m and widths exceeding 200m. The known strike of the mineralisation defined to date is three kilometres and it remains open down-plunge.

Six drill rigs are currently operating underground, with the focus split between both step-out extension and exploration (two rigs) and infill Mineral Resource conversion drilling (four rigs).

All drilling reported in this announcement has been conducted from the 805L drill drive. Whilst this development is currently being utilised for exploration, it will form an important part of future mine infrastructure for the potential upscaled operation.

Additional development has been completed from this drive to position the rigs to test for high grade extensions of the 1806 and 1807 VMS lodes. The location of drill platforms and holes reported in this announcement are presented in Figure 2. Significant assay results are presented in Appendix B of this announcement.

Resource Conversion Drilling

805L Exploration Drive Crosscuts 3 and 4

The drilling completed from the mid-section of the 805L Exploration drive (Crosscuts 3 and 4) focused on upgrading the data density of the Inferred Mineral Resource reported in MRE announced by the Company on 18 November 2025 (November 2025 MRE).

Drilling predominantly focused on conversion of the upper high-grade VMS zones which will potentially form an important high-grade component in the early years of an upscaled restart of production at the Ming Mine.

Figure 2: Isometric view of the Ming Mine 805L Exploration Drive showing the location of drill platforms and drilling reported in this announcement. Assay results greater than 0.5% Cu are shown in red.

Hole MUG25-096 was particularly significant because it demonstrated continuity of mineralisation in the Core Zone where the upper VMS mineralisation converges with the lower Footwall-style stringer mineralisation. Select results from the 805L Exploration drive crosscuts 3&4 are presented in Table 1.

Hole Number	Style	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Assay				CuEq %	Comments
					Cu %	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Zn %		

MUG25_096	VMS	295.2	366.0	70.8	3.4	0.6	6.1	0.4	4.0	Intersected the convergent FWZ mineralisation
<i>including</i>	& FWZ	339.7	358.9	19.2	7.1	0.4	7.2	0.2	7.5	
MUG25-166	FWZ	471.3	500.9	29.6	1.5	0.1	1.7	0.03	1.5	Contained multiple zones of
MUG25_195	VMS	272.6	284.5	11.9 (~8.3m TW)	2.9	3.9	35.3	2.2	6.8	A thick gold-dominated pyrite
MUG25_211	VMS	368.5	373.5	5.1 (~3.3m TW)	4.3	2.4	22.6	1.8	6.8	A moderate copper-gold VM
MUG25_213	VMS	307.9	316.6	8.8 (~6.6m TW)	0.9	1.3	10.2	0.5	2.2	A lower-grade pyrite-dominant channel
MUG25_224	VMS	259.3	268.7	9.4 (~8.5m TW)	3.6	4.4	26.0	2.9	7.8	A thick zone of massive sulph
MUG25_228	VMS	220.5	237.5	17.1	2.0	2.4	17.4	1.8	4.4	A wide zone of moderately g
MUG25_236	VMS	332.8	338.2	5.3 (~3.2m TW)	2.5	2.1	22.6	2.5	4.7	A Cu and Au massive sulph
MUG25_245	VMS	345.6	349.6	4.0 (~2.6m TW)	2.9	1.6	23.0	2.1	4.7	A small but high-grade mass
MUG25-252	VMS	304.7	307.9	3.2 (~2.1m TW)	3.3	2.2	19.3	1.5	5.5	

Table 1: Drill results from the 805L Exploration Drive Crosscuts 3 and 4. All results presented are approximate true thickness unless otherwise stated.

805L Exploration Drive 870L Cuddy

The 870L Cuddy in the 805L Exploration drive was mined to provide an optimised position to define the VMS zones west of the Ming North lode. Lateral extensions of Ming North and the down-plunge continuation of the historically mined 1806 lode were tested from the 870L Cuddy. Results indicate the known VMS from this area reported in the November 2025 MRE will likely have a high conversion rate from Inferred Mineral Resource to M&I category. Furthermore, this drilling indicates that the 1806 position extends down plunge and may lead to a Mineral Resource addition in the upcoming MRE planned for mid-year. Results reported in this announcement (Table 2) include:

Hole Number	Style	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Assay				CuEq %	Comments
					Cu %	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Zn %		
MUG25_169	VMS	243.2	257.1	14.0	3.0	3.0	27.6	2.1	5.9	Targeted high-grade VMS mineral
MUG25_182	VMS	243.9	256.6	12.7	3.6	2.5	18.4	1.9	6.1	Demonstrated continuity in both C
MUG25_187	VMS & FWZ	252.3	277.9	25.7	4.4	3.5	28.1	1.5	7.8	Intersected thick Cu and Au rich n
MUG25_196	VMS	284.0	291.6	7.6	1.6	1.8	14.2	2.5	3.6	Encountered Au and Cu bearing r
MUG25_197	VMS	279.3	283.0	3.7	3.4	3.0	19.7	2.4	6.4	Intersected multiple massive sulph
		289.8	293.3	3.5	1.9	2.2	15.5	0.6	4.0	
MUG25_206	VMS	275.0	291.3	16.3	4.3	3.5	24.1	1.7	7.7	A thick high-grade Cu and Au rich

Table 2: Drill results from the 805L Exploration Drive 870L Cuddy targeting the VMS west of the main Ming North Zone. All results are approximate true thickness unless otherwise stated.

805L Exploration Drive 880RM 1 and 2 Cuddies

The 880 RM stockpiles in the 805 Exploration drive provided an ideal platform to increase the drill density in the northern VMS and FWZ mineralised domains. Results confirm the continuity of both styles of mineralisation and were consistent with the predictions of the November 2025 MRE model. Select drilling results from the 880RM cuddies are summarised in Table 3.

Hole Number	Style	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Assay				CuEq %	Comments
					Cu %	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Zn %		
MUG25_209	VMS & FWZ	301.3	354.6	53.3	3.4	0.8	6.4	0.2	4.1	Tested the convergent Core Zone
MUG25_210	FWZ	492.9	495.6	2.8	3.1	0.4	3.3	0.1	3.5	Intersected multiple thin zones of
		527.9	529.9	2.0	1.9	0.1	1.8	0.01	2.0	
MUG25_216	VMS	342.0	346.1	4.1	3.7	1.7	9.8	1.5	5.4	Intersected both VMS mineralisati footwall horizon
	VMS	354.0	356.0	2.0	2.1	1.0	6.2	4.1	3.6	
	FWZ	364.0	368.0	4.0	2.0	0.8	4.4	0.2	2.8	
	FWZ	378.2	399.0	20.9	4.2	0.3	4.5	0.1	4.5	

MUG25_219	VMS	314.9	326.8	11.9	6.0	2.3	18.6	0.4	8.1	
	FWZ	341.0	343.0	2.0	3.2	0.6	5.1	0.1	3.7	Thick high-grade copper-gold rich Zone
	FWZ	354.0	356.0	2.0	1.4	0.5	2.8	0.1	1.9	
	FWZ	366.0	368.0	2.0	1.2	0.2	2.3	0.02	1.0	
MUG25_220	VMS	359.4	361.2	1.8	1.7	1.4	14.1	1.8	3.2	
	VMS	365.8	368.6	2.8	1.9	1.4	11.4	1.1	3.3	Drilled the upper VMS and continu
	VMS	372.6	374.8	2.3	1.3	1.3	7.4	0.04	2.4	
	FWZ	387.7	399.7	12.0	1.7	0.1	1.7	0.1	1.8	
	FWZ	408.8	415.6	6.8	1.6	0.3	1.9	0.02	1.9	
	FWZ	438.1	460.9	22.8	1.4	0.1	1.4	0.09	1.5	
MUG25_223	VMS	375.2	380.5	5.3	1.6	1.3	11.4	0.9	2.9	Upper copper-gold VMS and two t
	FWZ	401.4	404.5	3.1	1.7	0.2	2.5	0.1	1.9	
	FWZ	422.0	440.0	18.0	1.6	0.2	1.7	0.1	1.80	
	FWZ	447.7	476.7	29.1	1.8	0.1	1.4	0.1	1.9	
MUG25_230	VMS	369.6	371.9	2.3	1.3	3.5	20.3	0.5	4.4	Thin upper VMS horizon underlain
	FWZ	489.6	500.0	10.4	1.1	0.1	1.2	0.01	1.2	
	FWZ	509.4	526.3	16.9	1.7	0.1	1.8	0.02	1.8	
	FWZ	546.9	553.9	7.0	2.5	0.1	3.1	0.02	2.6	
	FWZ	560.4	572.0	11.7	1.5	0.1	2.0	0.04	1.6	
MUG25_232	VMS	308.2	311.2	2.9	6.5	2.0	21.4	0.6	8.4	Short holes drilled to test the high
MUG25_234	VMS	296.0	298.9	2.9	11.8	2.4	34.6	0.5	14.1	Narrow but very high-grade VMS
MUG25_239	VMS	301.5	307.5	5.9	3.5	2.0	9.4	0.8	5.4	Drilled to infill only the VMS and s
MUG25_240	FWZ	500.3	532.6	32.3	1.6	0.1	1.4	0.01	1.7	Intersected multiple mineralised fo
	FWZ	541.0	548.0	7.0	2.3	0.1	2.4	0.02	2.4	
	FWZ	559.5	569.5	10.0	2.1	0.1	2.5	0.04	2.2	
MUG25_243	VMS	319.3	323.0	3.7	2.6	1.3	13.5	2.3	4.2	Drilled to test the VMS mineralisat
MUG25_253	VMS	321.1	323.0	1.9	5.8	2.5	17.2	0.5	8.2	Although thin, the hole demonstra

Table 3: Drill results from the 805L Exploration Drive 880 RM 1 and 2 Cuddies targeting the northern VMS and FWZ. All results are approximate true thickness unless otherwise stated.

805L Exploration Drive 920L Crosscuts 5 and 6

The 920-level crosscuts are the northern most drill platforms in the mine. Drilling reported in this announcement was infill drilling in the area reported as Inferred Mineral Resource in the November 2025 MRE. Drilling results received from the infill completed in crosscuts 5 and 6 are summarised in Table 4.

Hole Number	Style	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Assay				CuEq %	Comments
					Cu %	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Zn %		
MUG25_218		791.3	794.6	3.3	0.2	3.0	76.8	0.04	3.4	
		799.7	802.6	2.9	1.1	2.0	20.8	3.5	3.4	Intersected three gold-dominated VMS ho
		810.0	825.0	15.0	0.8	3.2	22.4	0.6	3.7	
		839.0	901.4	62.4	1.7	0.2	1.6	0.03	1.8	
MUG25_226		528.5	546.0	17.5	3.0	0.2	2.9	0.2	3.2	
		555.0	559.5	4.5	2.0	0.1	2.2	0.2	2.1	Intersected from multiple Footwall Zones
		562.0	567.0	5.0	1.4	0.1	1.7	0.2	1.5	
MUG25_238		437.2	438.7	1.6	4.0	3.2	32.8	0.05	6.9	
		528.1	533.0	5.0	1.7	0.2	1.4	0.02	1.9	Contained a thin upper VMS zone above
		539.0	548.0	9.0	2.6	0.1	2.4	0.04	2.7	
		555.5	583.0	27.6	1.4	0.1	1.2	0.02	1.5	
MUG25_244		445.0	450.2	5.2	2.7	1.5	14.3	1.0	4.2	
		488.0	533.0	45.0	2.2	0.1	2.4	0.1	2.4	

Table 4: Drill results from the 805L Exploration Drive 920L Crosscuts 5 and 6. This is the northern-most drill

platform in the Ming Mine. All results are approximate true thickness unless otherwise stated.

805L Exploration Drive 900L Crosscuts 7 and 8

Drilling has recently commenced from the newly completed 900 Level Crosscut 7 and 8 platforms. This development was mined from the 805 Exploration drive to provide a better angle to define the high-grade Ming North and South VMS horizons. First results are encouraging, with significant assays summarised in Table 5.

Hole Number	Style	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Assay				CuEq %	Comments
					Cu %	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Zn %		
MUG25_249		370.9	378.6	7.7	3.1	1.1	12.6	1.3	4.3	Returned a thick zone of high-grade VMS
MUG25_254		369.2	373.6	4.4	8.3	3.3	17.5	0.4	11.3	Intersected very high-grade chalcopyrite-

Table 5: Drill results from the 805L Exploration Drive 900L Crosscuts 7 and 8. This is an intermediate location between the 880 RM and 920L coddies that was mined to improve the intersection angle of the infill drilling. Drilling has just commenced and these are the first two holes completed from the platform. All results are approximate true thickness unless otherwise stated.

805L Exploration Drive 1807 Crosscut

The 1807 Crosscut was mined from the 805 Exploration drive to test for the down-plunge extension of the namesake gold-rich 1807 VMS lode that previous operators historically mined. Although mineralisation was intersected it was thin and contained lower grades than typically observed in VMS style mineralisation at Ming. As development progresses, the Company will continue to assess the 1807 trend to test if the width and grade of the lode changes at depth.

2026 Forward Work Plans

The FireFly growth strategy remains focused on advancing the Green Bay project towards the resumption of upscaled copper and gold production. Near term activities remain focused on:

- Upgrading the Mineral Resource, through infill drilling, from Inferred to M&I Mineral Resource
- Mineral Resource Growth, through down-plunge drilling
- Completion of the Preliminary Economic Assessment in mid-2026;
- Advancement of permitting, engineering and early works to support future development scenarios; and
- New Discoveries from both underground and surface regional exploration drilling

Green Bay (Ming Mine) Mineral Resource Development

As of 31 March 2026, the Company had completed ~174,000 metres of underground diamond drilling. Six underground rigs will continue to advance the underground Mineral Resource development and extension activities for the foreseeable future.

Near-term underground drilling will remain focused on infill definition to upgrade areas of Inferred to the higher confidence M&I Mineral Resources ahead of economic studies into resuming upscaled production at Green Bay. The decision to focus on infill drilling is driven by numerous factors, including:

- The requirement for a minimum of 70% M&I Mineral Resource in early-stage economic studies. Conversion drilling has the potential to generate shareholder value through maximising the quantity of economic material available for incorporation into mine plans resulting in longer mine life in the initial study;
- Future potential Ore Reserves can only be generated from M&I Mineral Resources;
- M&I Mineral Resources can be incorporated into Feasibility Studies; and
- De-risking the project by further increasing confidence in the geological model and grade estimation.

Green Bay (Ming Mine) Mineral Resource Growth

Mineral Resource growth in coming months will be driven by testing down plunge extensions of the high-grade VMS channels parallel to the Ming North lode. Drilling in this announcement shows the 1806 VMS continues at depth and Mineral Resource additions are expected from this zone.

A MRE update is planned for the current quarter and will incorporate drilling completed since the issue of the previous estimate in November 2025. This update will be the estimate used to complete the first economic studies.

Economic Studies

Economic and technical studies on the upscaled resumption of copper and gold production at Green Bay are well underway.

The study, intended for completion in mid-2026, will meet the criteria of a Scoping Study (in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code 2012 Edition)) and Preliminary Economic Assessment (in Canadian National Instrument NI 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects (NI 43-101)).

The PEA will consider various development scenarios for the project, including several haulage scenarios (e.g., shaft, decline), annual production rates (scale), and Life of Mine metal production.

Project Development

The Company has secured conditional release from further Environmental Assessment by the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador for a start-up mining and processing operation (see ASX announcement dated 5 August 2025). FireFly has now satisfied conditions of the release and has commenced applying for permits. The Company expects to commence selective low-cost seasonal early works in the coming months to prepare the Project for future development and construction.

Regional & Generative Exploration

Regional exploration is accelerating following a scheduled winter hiatus. Recent activity has focused on target generation incorporating both geophysics survey and interpretation, prospecting programs and compilation of historic datasets. Two surface diamond drill rigs are currently testing geophysical anomalies in the areas south of the Ming Mine. Drilling at the Company's Tilt Cove project, located within the 346km² Green Bay land package, will commence in the coming months as the Company continues to advance its broader district exploration strategy.

Balance Sheet and Funding Position

FireFly is well-funded to execute its growth drilling program, economic studies and pre-construction early works activities. As at 31 December 2025, the Company has approximately A\$251 (~CAD\$230) million in cash and liquid investments, providing a strong foundation to advance Green Bay through the upcoming economic study milestones and into Final Investment Decision.

*Figure 3: Timeline of key activities at the Green Bay copper-gold project.
1. Please note that timeframes are indicative and may be subject to change.*

Steve Parsons	Jessie Liu-Ernsting	Media
Managing Director	Chief Development Officer	Paul Armstrong
FireFly Metals Ltd	FireFly Metals Ltd	Read Corporate
+61 8 9220 9030	+1 709 800 1929	+61 8 9388 1474

ABOUT FIREFLY METALS LTD

FireFly Metals Ltd (ASX, TSX: FFM) is an emerging copper-gold company focused on advancing the high-grade Green Bay Copper-Gold Project in Newfoundland, Canada. The Green Bay Copper-Gold Project currently hosts a Mineral Resource Estimate prepared and disclosed in accordance with the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code 2012) and Canadian National Instrument 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects (NI 43-101) of 50.4Mt of Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources at 2.0% for 1,016Kt copper equivalent (CuEq) and 29.3Mt of Inferred Mineral Resources at 2.5% for 722Kt CuEq. The Company has a clear strategy to rapidly grow the copper-gold Mineral Resource to demonstrate a globally significant copper-gold asset.

FireFly holds a 70% interest in the high-grade Pickle Crow Gold Project in Ontario. The current Inferred Mineral Resource stands at 11.9Mt at 7.2g/t for 2.8Moz gold, with exceptional discovery potential on the 500km² tenement holding.

The Company also holds a 90% interest in the Limestone Well Vanadium-Titanium Project in Western Australia.

Further information regarding FireFly is available on the ASX platform (ASX: FFM), the Company's website www.fireflymetals.com.au or SEDAR+ www.sedarplus.ca.

COMPLIANCE STATEMENTS

Mineral Resource Estimate - Green Bay Project

The Mineral Resource Estimate for the Green Bay Project referred to in this announcement and set out in Appendix A was first reported in the Company's ASX announcement dated 18 November 2025, titled 'Mineral Resource increases 51% to 1.4Mt of copper and 1.1Moz of gold' and is also set out in the Technical Report for the Ming Copper-Gold Mine, titled 'National Instrument 43-101 Technical Report, FireFly Metals Ltd, Green Bay Ming Mine Copper-Gold Project, Newfoundland' with an issue date of 1 December 2025 and a Mineral Resource effective date of 18 November 2025, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

Mineral Resource Estimate - Little Deer

The Mineral Resource Estimate for Little Deer referred to in this announcement was first reported in the Company's ASX announcement dated 29 October 2024, titled 'Resource Increases 42% to 1.2Mt of contained metal at 2% Copper Eq' and is also set out in the Technical Report for the Little Deer Copper Project, titled 'Technical Report and Updated Mineral Resource Estimate of the Little Deer Complex Copper Deposits, Newfoundland, Canada' with an effective date of 26 June 2024, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

Mineral Resource Estimate - Pickle Crow Project

The Mineral Resource Estimate for the Pickle Crow Project referred to in this announcement was first reported in the Company's ASX announcement dated 4 May 2023, titled 'High-Grade Inferred Gold Resource Grows to 2.8Moz at 7.2g/t' and is also set out in the Technical Report for the Pickle Crow Project, titled 'NI 43-101 Technical Report Mineral Resource Estimate Pickle Crow Gold Project, Ontario, Canada' with an effective date of 29 November 2024, as amended on 11 June 2025, available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

Metal equivalents

Metal equivalents for the Mineral Resource Estimates and Exploration Results have been calculated at a copper price of US\$8,750/t, gold price of US\$2,500/oz and silver price of US\$25/oz. Individual Mineral Resource grades for the metals are set out in Appendix A of this announcement. Individual grades for the metals for the reporting of metal equivalents for Exploration Results are set out in the ASX announcements in which the Exploration Results were first reported by the Company.

Copper equivalent was calculated based on the formula $CuEq(\%) = Cu(\%) + (Au(g/t) \times 0.82190) + (Ag(g/t) \times 0.00822)$.

Metallurgical factors have been applied to the metal equivalent calculation. Copper recovery used was 95%. Historical production at the Ming Mine has a documented copper recovery of ~96%. Precious metal (gold and silver) metallurgical recovery was assumed at 85% on the basis of historical recoveries achieved at the Ming Mine in addition to historical metallurgical test work to increase precious metal recoveries.

In the opinion of the Company, all elements included in the metal equivalent calculation have a reasonable potential to be recovered and sold based on current market conditions, metallurgical test work, the Company's operational experience and, where relevant, historical performance achieved at the Green Bay project whilst in operation.

Exploration Results

The exploration results referred to in this announcement were first reported by the Company in the ASX announcements cross-referenced in this announcement.

Original Announcements

FireFly confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original announcements referred to or cross-referenced in this announcement and that, in the case of Mineral Resource Estimates, all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the original announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Persons' and Qualified Persons' findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements.

Mineral Resource Estimates and Exploration Results

Mineral Resource Estimates and Exploration Results are calculated in accordance with the JORC Code 2012 and NI 43-101.

Competent and Qualified Person Statements

The information in this announcement that relates to new Exploration Results is based on and fairly represents information compiled by Mr Darren Cooke, a Competent Person who is a member of the Australasian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Cooke is a full-time employee of FireFly Metals Ltd and holds securities in FireFly Metals Ltd. Mr Cooke has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the JORC Code 2012. Mr Cooke has reviewed this announcement and consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which they appear.

All technical and scientific information in this announcement has been reviewed and approved by Group Chief Geologist, Mr Juan Gutierrez BSc, Geology (Masters), Geostatistics (Postgraduate Diploma), who is a Member and Chartered Professional of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Gutierrez is a Competent Person as defined in the JORC Code 2012 and a Qualified Person as defined in NI 43-101. Mr Gutierrez is a full-time employee of, and holds securities in, the Company. Mr Gutierrez has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the JORC Code 2012 and a Qualified Person as defined in NI 43-101. Mr Gutierrez has reviewed this announcement and consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which they appear.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This announcement may contain certain forward-looking statements and projections, including statements regarding FireFly's plans, forecasts and projections with respect to its mineral properties and programs. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of words such as 'may', 'might', 'could', 'would', 'will', 'expect', 'intend', 'believe', 'forecast', 'milestone', 'objective', 'predict', 'plan', 'scheduled', 'estimate', 'anticipate', 'continue', or other similar words and may include, without limitation, statements regarding plans, strategies and objectives.

Although the forward-looking statements contained in this announcement reflect management's current beliefs based upon information currently available to management and based upon what management believes to be reasonable assumptions, such forward-looking statements and projections are estimates only

and should not be relied upon. They are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Company, which may include changes in commodity prices, foreign exchange fluctuations, economic, social and political conditions, and changes to applicable regulation, and those risks outlined in the Company's public disclosures.

The forward-looking statements and projections are inherently uncertain and may therefore differ materially from results ultimately achieved. For example, there can be no assurance that FireFly will be able to confirm the presence of Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves, that FireFly's plans for development of its mineral properties will proceed, that any mineralisation will prove to be economic, or that a mine will be successfully developed on any of FireFly's mineral properties. The performance of FireFly may be influenced by a number of factors which are outside of the control of the Company, its directors, officers, employees and contractors. The Company does not make any representations and provides no warranties concerning the accuracy of any forward-looking statements or projections, and disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements or projections based on new information, future events or circumstances or otherwise, except to the extent required by applicable laws.

APPENDIX A

Green Bay Copper-Gold Project Mineral Resources

Ming Deposit Mineral Resource Estimate

	TONNES COPPER		GOLD		SILVER		CuEq	
	(Mt)	Grade Metal		Grade Metal		Grade Metal		Grade
		(%)	('000 t)	(g/t)	('000 oz)	(g/t)	('000 oz)	
Measured	6.3	1.5	94	0.3	50	1.9	388	1.7
Indicated	41.2	1.7	708	0.4	488	3.2	4,320	2.1
TOTAL M&I	47.5	1.7	802	0.4	537	3.1	4,708	2.0
Inferred	23.1	2.0	456	0.7	553	5.9	4,379	2.6

Little Deer Mineral Resource Estimate

	TONNES COPPER		GOLD		SILVER		CuEq	
	(Mt)	Grade Metal		Grade Metal		Grade Metal		Grade
		(%)	('000 t)	(g/t)	('000 oz)	(g/t)	('000 oz)	
Measured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indicated	2.9	2.1	62	0.1	9	3.4	320	2.3
TOTAL M&I	2.9	2.1	62	0.1	9	3.4	320	2.3
Inferred	6.2	1.8	110	0.1	10	2.2	430	1.8

GREEN BAY TOTAL MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATE

	TONNES COPPER		GOLD		SILVER		CuEq	
	(Mt)	Grade Metal		Grade Metal		Grade Metal		Grade
		(%)	('000 t)	(g/t)	('000 oz)	(g/t)	('000 oz)	
Measured	6.3	1.5	94	0.3	50	1.9	388	1.7
Indicated	44.1	1.7	769	0.4	496	3.3	4,638	2.1
TOTAL M&I	50.4	1.7	863	0.3	546	3.1	5,026	2.0
Inferred	29.3	1.9	566	0.6	563	5.1	4,810	2.5

1. FireFly Metals Ltd Mineral Resource Estimates for the Green Bay Copper-Gold Project, incorporating the Ming Deposit and Little Deer Complex, are prepared and reported in accordance with the JORC Code 2012 and NI 43-101.
2. Mineral Resources have been reported at a 1.0% copper cut-off grade.

3. Metal equivalents for the Mineral Resource Estimates have been calculated at a copper price of US\$8,750/t, gold price of US\$2,500/oz and silver price of US\$25/oz. Metallurgical recoveries have been set at 95% for copper and 85% for both gold and silver. These assumptions are made of the basis of historical production at the Ming Mine and additional metallurgical test work. Copper equivalent was calculated based on the formula: $CuEq(\%) = Cu(\%) + (Au(g/t) \times 0.82190) + (Ag(g/t) \times 0.00822)$.
4. Totals may vary due to rounding.

APPENDIX B - Significant Intersection Table

Collar co-ordinates and orientation are listed in the local Ming Mine grid, which is rotated +35 degrees from NAD83 True North. Significant intersections reported are those above a 1% copper cut-off or 0.5g/t gold, and contain a maximum of 6 metres of internal waste. Please refer to the compliance statements for further details on parameters used in the copper equivalent calculation. All results are approximate true width unless otherwise noted (TW).

Hole Number	Easting	Northing	RL	Azi	Dip	Drilled Length (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Assay		
										Cu %	Au g/t	Ag g
MUG25_096	1165.6	1972.6	-844.3	5	-75	408	295.2	366.0	70.8	3.36	0.6	6.1
							<i>Including</i>	339.7	358.9	19.2	7.05	0.4
MUG25_166	1259.7	1967.3	-845.4	157	-88	540	419.3	422.3	3.0	1.24	0.2	1.3
							435.5	437.5	2.0	1.53	0.1	1.7
							460.0	462.6	2.6	1.31	0.1	1.9
							471.3	500.9	29.6	1.46	0.1	1.7
							471.3	500.9	29.6	1.46	0.1	1.7
MUG25_169	1085.6	2086.8	-868.6	217	-52	285	243.2	257.1	14.0	2.95	3.0	27.6
MUG25_182	1085.6	2086.8	-868.6	212	-42	285	243.9	256.6	12.7	3.61	2.5	18.4
MUG25_187	1085.6	2086.8	-868.6	202	-24	300	252.3	277.9	25.7	4.40	3.5	28.1
MUG25_194	964.7	2163.6	-877.5	201	-8	414	No Significant Intersections					
MUG25_195	1137.5	1972.0	-842.4	217	-2	333	272.6	284.5	11.9 (~8.3 TW)	2.94	3.9	35.3
MUG25_196	1085.6	2086.8	-868.6	247	-60	303	284.0	291.6	7.6	1.57	1.8	14.2
MUG25_197	1085.6	2086.8	-868.6	225	-44	321	279.3	283.0	3.7	3.42	3.0	19.7
							289.8	293.3	3.5	1.92	2.2	15.5
							395.9	399.5	3.6 (~2.5 TW)	1.46	3.2	11.4
MUG25_201	1137.5	1972.0	-842.4	214	11	426	No Significant Intersections					
MUG25_203	1206.9	2355.8	-917.0	2	-76	366	No Significant Intersections					
MUG25_206	1085.6	2086.8	-868.6	218	-34	354	275.0	291.3	16.3	4.33	3.5	24.1
MUG25_207	964.67	2163.362	-877.5	201	-20	360	No Significant Intersections					
MUG25_209	1117.0	2190.3	-894.0	174	-62	411	301.3	354.6	53.3	3.35	0.8	6.4
MUG25_210	1222.1	2255.1	-906.4	167	-68	639	492.9	495.6	2.8	3.08	0.4	3.3
							527.9	529.9	2.0	1.94	0.1	1.8
							542.7	546.7	4.0	1.74	0.1	1.2
MUG25_210	Continued						561.0	570.0	9.0	1.80	0.1	2.0
MUG25_211	1137.5	1972.0	-842.4	215	6	471	368.5	373.5	5.1 (~3.3 TW)	4.31	2.4	22.6
MUG25_212	962.6	2163.8	-877.0	206	-9	417	No Significant Intersections					
MUG25_213	1137.51	1972.03	-842.4	220	-4	342	307.9	316.6	8.8 (~6.6TW)	0.93	1.3	10.2
MUG25_216	1222.1	2255.1	-906.4	196	-52	483	342.0	346.1	4.1	3.71	1.7	9.8
							354.0	356.0	2.0	3.71	1.7	9.8
							364.0	368.0	4.0	2.12	1.0	6.2
							378.2	399.0	20.9	2.03	0.8	4.4
							408.0	411.0	3.0	4.23	0.3	4.5
MUG25_217	962.6	2163.8	-877.0	207	-21	360	No Significant Intersections					
MUG25_218	1206.9	2355.8	-917.0	5	-71	972	791.3	794.6	3.3	0.27	3.0	76.8
							799.7	802.6	2.9	1.05	2.0	20.8
							810.0	825.0	15.0	0.77	3.2	22.4

					839.0	901.4	62.4		1.69	0.2	1.6
					925.8	928.6	2.8		1.41	0.5	2.3
					948.2	952.3	4.1		1.06	0.2	1.5
MUG25_219	1117.0	2190.3	-894.0	179 -74 399	314.9	326.8	11.9		5.99	2.3	18.6
					341.0	343.0	2.0		3.21	0.6	5.1
					354.0	356.0	2.0		1.44	0.5	2.8
					366.0	368.0	2.0		1.17	0.2	2.3
MUG25_220	1222.1	2255.1	-906.4	189 -58 531	359.4	361.2	1.8		1.65	1.4	14.1
					365.8	368.6	2.8		1.86	1.4	11.4
MUG25_220					372.6	374.8	2.3		1.30	1.3	7.4
Continued					387.7	399.7	12.0		1.66	0.1	1.7
					408.8	415.6	6.8		1.59	0.3	1.9
					426.9	428.9	2.0		1.75	0.2	0.8
					438.1	460.9	22.8		1.39	0.1	1.4
MUG25_221	1137.5	1972.0	-842.4	214 -14 267	229.6	232.5	2.9 (~2.6 TW)		1.16	1.5	9.3
					245.0	248.0	3.0 (~2.7 TW)		0.88	2.9	9.0
MUG25_223	1222.1	2255.1	-906.4	193 -64 517	375.2	380.5	5.3		1.64	1.3	11.4
					401.4	404.5	3.1		1.69	0.2	2.5
					422.0	440.0	18.0		1.63	0.2	1.7
					447.7	476.7	29.1		1.80	0.1	1.4
MUG25_224	1137.51	1972.03	-842.4	220 -12 300	259.3	268.7	9.4 (~8.5TW)		3.57	4.4	26.0
MUG25_225	1117.0	2190.3	-894.0	200 -79 402	No Significant Intersections						
MUG25_226	1255.48	2355.84	-916.91	187 -75 660	528.5	546.0	17.5		2.99	0.2	2.9
					555.0	559.5	4.5		1.95	0.1	2.2
					562.0	567.0	5.0		1.41	0.1	1.7
					569.4	573.0	3.6		1.18	0.1	1.5
MUG25_227	962.6	2163.8	-877.0	212 -6 447	No Significant Intersections						
MUG25_228	1137.5	1972.0	-842.4	228 -28 270	220.5	237.5	17.1		2.02	2.4	17.4
MUG25_229	1117.0	2190.3	-894.0	194 -54 333	292.7	297.0	4.3		1.96	0.4	5.1
MUG25_230	1222.1	2255.1	-906.4	172 -58 606	369.6	371.9	2.3		1.26	3.5	20.3
					489.6	500.0	10.4		1.14	0.1	1.2
					509.4	526.3	16.9		1.68	0.1	1.8
					546.9	553.9	7.0		2.49	0.1	3.1
					560.4	572.0	11.7		1.49	0.1	2.0
MUG25_230					576.0	578.0	2.0		1.49	0.1	2.1
Continued					589.6	593.0	3.5		1.33	0.0	2.3
MUG25_231	1137.5	1972.0	-842.4	209 11 483	No Significant Intersections						
MUG25_232	1117.0	2190.3	-894.0	197 -71 363	308.2	311.2	2.9		6.50	2.0	21.4
MUG25_234	1117.0	2190.3	-894.0	197 -63 336	296.0	298.9	2.9		11.78	2.4	34.6
MUG25_236	1137.5	1972.0	-842.4	208 7 373	332.8	338.2	5.3 (~3.2 TW)		2.45	2.1	22.6
MUG25_237	962.6	2163.8	-877.0	214 -19 387	No Significant Intersections						
MUG25_238	1255.5	2355.8	-916.9	183 -66 684	437.2	438.7	1.6		3.96	3.2	32.8
					528.1	533.0	5.0		1.65	0.2	1.4
					539.0	548.0	9.0		2.60	0.1	2.4
					555.5	583.0	27.6		1.41	0.1	1.2
					616.8	618.8	2.0		1.28	0.1	2.2
MUG25_239	1117.0	2190.3	-894.0	206 -52 324	301.5	307.5	5.9		3.51	2.0	9.4
MUG25_240	1222.1	2255.1	-906.4	165 -51 609	467.1	469.9	2.8		0.97	0.2	0.9
					500.3	532.6	32.3		1.56	0.1	1.4
					541.0	548.0	7.0		2.26	0.1	2.4
					559.5	569.5	10.0		2.11	0.1	2.5
					582.0	584.5	2.5		1.18	0.1	1.2

MUG25_241	964.7	2163.4	-877.5	194	-6	420	No Significant Intersections					
MUG25_243	1117.0	2190.3	-894.0	212	-60	339	319.3	323.0	3.7	2.61	1.3	13.5
MUG25_244	1206.9	2355.8	-917.0	182	-68	531	445.0	450.2	5.2	2.69	1.5	14.3
							488.0	533.0	45.0	2.21	0.1	2.4
MUG25_245	1137.51	1972.03	-842.4	210	5	375	345.6	349.6	4.0 (~2.6 TW)	2.88	1.6	23.0
MUG25_249	1056.9	2298.9	-899.7	184	-68	429	370.9	378.6	7.7	3.05	1.1	12.6
MUG25_252	1137.51	1972.03	-842.4	224	-5	402	304.7	307.9	3.2 (~2.1 TW)	3.26	2.2	19.3
MUG25_253	1117.0	2190.3	-894.0	223	-75	363	321.1	323.0	1.9	5.84	2.5	17.2
MUG25_254	1096.0	2286.3	-899.1	170	-72	468	369.2	373.6	4.4	8.34	3.3	17.5
MUG25_259	1222.1	2255.1	-906.4	159	-42	666	No Significant Intersections					

APPENDIX C - JORC CODE, 2012 EDITION

Table 1

Section 1 - Sampling Techniques and Data (Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation
Sampling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random ch... ● Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample repre... ● Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Mate... ● In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this
Drilling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, r...
Drill sample recovery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample re... ● Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure re... ● Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and

Logging	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and● Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core● The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all● If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc an● For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness● Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stag● Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representativ● Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of th
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and● For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instrum● Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards,
Verification of sampling and assaying	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● The verification of significant intersections by either indepen● The use of twinned holes.● Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data● Discuss any adjustment to assay data.
Location of data points	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (co● Specification of the grid system used.● Quality and adequacy of topographic control.
Data spacing and distribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.● Whether the data spacing, and distribution is sufficient to es● Whether sample compositing has been applied.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sam● If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the ori

Sample security

- The measures taken to ensure sample security.

Audits or reviews

- The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques

Section 2 - Reporting of Exploration Results (Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections)

Criteria

JORC Code explanation

Mineral tenement and land tenure status

- Type, reference name/number, location and ownership
- The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting

Exploration done by other parties

- Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties

Geology

- Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralization

Drill hole Information

- A summary of all information material to the understanding of the deposit, including:
 - easting and northing of the drill hole collar
 - elevation or RL (Reduced Level - elevation above sea level)
 - dip and azimuth of the hole
 - down hole length and interception depth
 - hole length.
- If the exclusion of this information is justified or not

Data aggregation methods

- In reporting Exploration Results, weighting average
- Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths
- The assumptions used for any reporting of metal

Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths

- These relationships are particularly important in
- If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to
- If it is not known and only the down hole length is

Diagrams

- Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) are

Balanced reporting

- Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration

Other substantive exploration data

- Other exploration data, if meaningful and material

Further work

- The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g.
- Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible

Plan view of drilling in this announcement

Figures accompanying this announcement are available at:

<https://www.globenewswire.com/NewsRoom/AttachmentNg/ca544935-7d59-4ac3-b3d0-21c47153c835>

<https://www.globenewswire.com/NewsRoom/AttachmentNg/d4463c31-7491-4536-a534-7cd2a5066a80>

<https://www.globenewswire.com/NewsRoom/AttachmentNg/28ac92e6-88b9-4df6-aa93-d8cc520dcb4a>

<https://www.globenewswire.com/NewsRoom/AttachmentNg/682f2db0-a072-4403-8ce5-1de90d24b190>

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