

# Fortuna Reports Results for the Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2023

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VANCOUVER, March 06, 2024 - [Fortuna Silver Mines Inc.](#) (NYSE: FSM) (TSX: FVI) ("Fortuna" or the "Company") today reported its financial and operating results for the fourth quarter and full year 2023.

## Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2023 highlights

### Financial

- Attributable net loss for the quarter of \$92.3 million or \$0.30 per share after non-cash impairment charges of \$90.6 million in Q4 2023, totaling an attributable net loss of \$50.8 million for the full year 2023
- Attributable adjusted net income<sup>1</sup> of \$20.6 million or \$0.07 per share in Q4 2023, totaling \$64.9 million, or \$0.22 per share for the full year 2023
- Net cash generated by operations for the quarter was \$105.1 million or \$0.36 per share in Q4 2023, totaling \$296.3 million or \$ 1.0 per share for the full year 2023
- Free cash flow from ongoing operations<sup>1</sup> of \$66.2 million in Q4 2023; totaling \$153.5 million for the full year 2023
- The Company repaid \$41.0 million of its corporate credit facility in the fourth quarter and the total net debt<sup>1</sup> at year end stands at \$83.0 million. An additional payment of \$25.0 million was made subsequent to year end.
- Liquidity as at December 31, 2023 was \$213.1 million

### Operational

- Record gold equivalent production of 136,154 ounces<sup>3</sup> in Q4 2023 and record annual gold equivalent production of 452,389 ounces<sup>3</sup>; representing increases of 6 and 13 percent compared to the respective periods in 2022
- Record gold production of 107,376 ounces in Q4 2023 and 326,638 ounces for the full year 2023
- Silver production of 1,354,003 ounces in Q4 2023 and 5,883,691 ounces for the full year 2023
- Consolidated cash cost per gold equivalent ounce<sup>1</sup> of \$840 in Q4 2023 and \$874 for the full year 2023
- Consolidated AISC per gold equivalent ounce<sup>1</sup> of \$1,509 for Q4 2023 and \$1,508 for the full year 2023
- Continuous trend of improvement in annual safety performance across the business with a Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate (TRIFR) of 1.22, and a Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) of 0.36, compared to 2.32 and 0.39 in 2022

### Growth and Development

- During the fourth quarter of 2023 the Company initiated a 45,000-meter drill program at its newly acquired Diamba Sud project in Senegal. Subject to results the Company plans to produce a Preliminary Economic Assessment by the end of 2024
- At the end of December 2023, the Séguéla Mine processing facility was performing 26% above name plate capacity. For 2024 management has identified opportunities to further optimize and debottleneck throughput.

<sup>1</sup> Refer to Non-IFRS financial measures

<sup>2</sup> AISC/oz Ag Eq calculated at realized metal prices, refer to mine site results for realized prices and Non-IFRS Financial Measures for silver equivalent ratio

<sup>3</sup> Gold equivalent production includes gold, silver, lead and zinc and is calculated using the following metal prices: \$1,802/oz Au, \$21.75/oz Ag, \$2,161/t Pb and \$3,468/t Zn or Au:Ag = 1:82.89, Au:Pb = 1:0.83, Au:Zn = 1:0.52

Jorge A. Ganoza, President and CEO, commented, "In the fourth quarter Fortuna delivered strong free

cash-flow from ongoing operations of \$65 million compared to \$70 million in the third quarter. The Company also achieved record gold equivalent production of 136,154 ounces and record sales of \$265.3 million, representing increases of 6% and 9% respectively compared to Q3." Mr. Ganoza added, "Fourth quarter net earnings were impacted by non-cash write-downs and the remaining short life of reserves at San Jose, where we have recorded a non-cash impairment charge of \$90.6 million. At San Jose our exploration continues pursuing the discovery of new resources with the aim of extending production beyond 2024."

Mr. Ganoza continued, "Fortuna had a strong close to 2023, with record annual gold production exceeding guidance and silver falling short by 7%. Gold equivalent production increased 13% to a record 452,389 gold equivalent ounces compared to 2022, and we have guided further growth in 2024. Record annual sales of \$842.4 million were 24% above 2022. All our mines met or improved site AISC guidance for the year with the only exception being the San Jose Mine, which is operating on the tail end of reserves and had to contest with an illegal blockade at the beginning of the year."

Mr. Ganoza concluded, "For 2024 our capital allocation priorities continue to be centered on providing maximum balance sheet flexibility through further debt reduction, and funding of aggressive organic growth programs with approximately 200,000 meters of exploration drilling planned across the portfolio. The Diamba Sud project in Senegal and the Séguéla Mine in Côte d'Ivoire are priorities for our exploration programs during the year."

#### Fourth Quarter 2023 and Full Year 2023 Consolidated Results

(Expressed in millions)	Three months ended December 31,			Years ended December	
	2023	2022	% Change	2023	2022
Sales	265.3	164.7	61 %	842.4	600.0
Mine operating income	51.9	26.0	100 %	190.0	140.0
Operating loss	(77.4 )	(173.1 )	55 %	(0.4 )	(1.0 )
Attributable net loss	(92.3 )	(152.8 )	40 %	(50.8 )	(100.0 )
Attributable loss per share - basic	(0.30 )	(0.52 )	43 %	(0.17 )	(0.30 )
Adjusted attributable net income <sup>1</sup>	20.6	6.4	222 %	64.9	40.0
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>1</sup>	120.3	55.8	116 %	335.1	200.0
Net cash provided by operating activities	105.1	49.6	112 %	296.9	150.0
Free cash flow from ongoing operations <sup>1</sup>	66.2	4.4	1,405 %	153.5	60.0
Production cash cost (\$/oz Au Eq)	840	873	(4 %)	874	880
All-in sustaining cash cost (\$/oz Au Eq)	1,509	1,579	(4 %)	1,508	1,550
Capital expenditures <sup>2</sup>					
Sustaining	46.8	33.9	38 %	136.1	90.0
Non-sustaining <sup>3</sup>	1.8	(2.3 )	178 %	5.2	8.0
Séguéla construction	-	23.5	(100 %)	50.0	10.0
Brownfields	5.5	6.5	(15 %)	16.1	20.0
As at				December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents				128.1	80.0
Net liquidity position (excluding letters of credit)				213.1	150.0
Shareholder's equity attributable to Fortuna shareholders				1,238.4	1,000.0

<sup>1</sup> Refer to Non-IFRS Financial Measures section at the end of this news release and to the MD&A accompanying the Consolidated Financial Statements filed on SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca) for a description of the calculation of these measures.

<sup>2</sup> Capital expenditures are presented on a cash basis

<sup>3</sup> Non-sustaining expenditures include greenfields exploration

Figures may not add due to rounding

#### Fourth Quarter 2023 Results

##### *Attributable Net Loss and Adjusted Net Income*

Attributable net loss for the period was \$92.3 million compared to an attributable net loss of \$152.8 million in

Q4 2022 The loss in the quarter is explained by the following items:

- An impairment charge of \$90.6 million related to the anticipated closure of the San Jose Mine in late 2024, as the updated mine plan is scheduled to exhaust Mineral Reserves by the end of the year compared to mid-2025 as previously planned
- A write-down of materials inventory of \$10.1 million at the San Jose, Yaramoko and Lindero Mines
- A write-down of low-grade ore stockpiles of \$5.4 million at the Lindero Mine
- A \$6.4 million severance provision associated with the scheduled closure of the San Jose Mine
- A write-down of \$5.9 million related to greenfield exploration projects in Mexico and Argentina

After adjusting for impairment charges and other non-recurring items, adjusted attributable net income was \$20.6 million or \$0.07 per share compared to \$6.4 million or \$0.02 per share in Q4 2022. The increase was primarily due to higher gold sales volume and higher gold prices. Higher gold sales volume was mainly due to the contribution of Séguéla in its second full quarter of production. This was combined with 7% higher sales at Yaramoko from higher processed head grade. This was partially offset by lower sales at San Jose related to lower head grades consistent with the Mineral Reserve and a reduction in mined tonnage related to operational challenges in backfilling and blasting activities. The realized gold price was \$1,990 per ounce in Q4 2023 compared to \$1,737 per ounce in Q4 2022.

Other items impacting the adjusted net income for the quarter compared to Q4 2022 were higher G&A of \$3.3 million, mostly related to the addition of Séguéla G&A and timing of execution on certain corporate G&A items; higher foreign exchange loss of \$2.4 million primarily related to 118% devaluation of the official exchange rate in Argentina as part of the measures taken by the new elected government to achieve a more sustainable real exchange rate in the short term; Other expenses of \$2.7 million related to administrative penalties at Yaramoko, and a higher interest expense of \$4.0 million as a result of higher interest rates and \$1.4 million of interest charges capitalized in Q4 2022 vs nil in Q4 2023. This was partially offset by \$12.4 million of investment income related to cross-border, Argentine pesos denominated bond trades.

#### *Depreciation and Depletion*

Depreciation and depletion increased \$27.1 million to \$71.6 million in the fourth quarter of 2023 compared to \$44.5 million in the comparable period of 2022. The increase was primarily due to an increase in ounces sold as well as higher depletion per ounce at Séguéla due to the depletion of the purchase price allocation from the Roxgold acquisition of \$17.1 million.

#### *Adjusted EBITDA and Cash Flow*

Adjusted EBITDA for the quarter was \$120.3 million, a margin of 45% over sales, compared to \$55.8 million and margin over sales of 34%, reported in the same period in 2022. The main driver for the increase in EBITDA was the contribution from Séguéla with EBITDA margin of 73% in Q4 2023, combined with higher EBITDA from Yaramoko related to higher gold output. In addition, adjusted EBITDA reflects the positive impact from the inclusion of \$12.4 million of investment income at our Argentine operations. The trade associated with the investment income was a one-off event executed under a time limited waiver granted by the government of Argentina in Q4 to allow exporters a partial recovery of economic losses incurred from the accumulated lag of the nominal exchange rate with respect to inflation.

Net cash generated by operations for the quarter was \$105.1 million or \$0.34 per share compared to \$49.6 million or \$0.17 per share in Q4 2022. The increase of \$54.8 million reflects higher EBITDA of \$61.8 million.

Free cash flow from ongoing operations for the quarter was \$66.2 million compared to \$4.4 million in Q4 2022. The increase reflects higher net cash generated by operations.

#### *Cash cost per ounce and AISC*

Cash cost per gold equivalent ounce was \$840, a decrease from the \$873 reported in Q4 2022 as the contribution of lower cost ounces from Séguéla in Q4 2023 was offset by partially offset by higher cost per ounce at San Jose, which increased by over 64% due to lower production and higher costs year over year. This combined with higher cost per gold ounce at Lindero and Yaramoko of \$120 and \$131 respectively associated with lower head grades at Lindero and higher costs in Q4 2023 at Yaramoko. AISC per gold equivalent ounce was \$1,509 in Q4, slightly below the \$1,579 recorded the prior year due to lower capex on a per ounce basis, partially offset by higher royalties related to the higher realized gold price.

Full Year 2023 Results

#### *Attributable Net Loss and Adjusted Net Income*

Attributable net loss for the year was \$50.8 million, compared to an attributable net loss of \$128.1 million in 2022. The loss in 2023 is explained by impairment charges of \$90.6 million at the San Jose Mine explained above.

After adjusting for impairment charges and other non-recurring items, attributable adjusted net income for 2023 was \$64.9 million or \$0.22 per share, compared to \$41.4 million or \$0.14 per share in 2022. The increase was primarily due to higher gold sales volume and higher gold prices. Higher gold sales volume was mainly due to the contribution of Séguéla in the second half of the year upon successful commissioning and ramp-up in Q2 2023, and higher sales volume at Yaramoko explained by higher processed head grades in 2023. This was partially offset by lower production at Lindero, aligned with the grade profile in the mine plan, and lower head grades and processed ore at San Jose, explained by declining head grades in reserves and the impact of the 15 day mine stoppage in Q2 and related lingering operational challenges during the year. The realized gold price was \$1,948 per ounce in 2023 compared to \$1,802 per ounce in 2022.

Other items impacting the adjusted net income compared to 2022 were higher G&A of \$2.7 million, mostly related to the addition of Séguéla G&A; higher foreign exchange loss of \$4.6 million mostly related to the devaluation of the Argentine peso as described above; higher other expenses of \$9.7 million related to \$3.5 million of stand-by charges at San Jose and Yaramoko in Q2 2023, \$2.8 million related to a new agreement with the worker's union at San Jose in Q2 2023, and \$3.7 million of administrative penalties at Yaramoko payable to the Ministry of Mines recorded in Q2 and Q4 2023, and a higher interest expense of \$7.5 million as a result of an increased debt balance outstanding, higher interest rates and discontinued capitalized interest charges in the second half of the year. This was partially offset by \$12.4 million of investment income related to cross-border, Argentine pesos denominated bond trades.

#### *Depreciation and Depletion*

Depreciation and depletion for 2023 increased \$46.8 million to \$219.7 million compared to \$172.8 million in 2022. The increase was primarily due an increase in ounces sold, the start of depletion at Séguéla, including \$25.3 million related to the purchase price allocation from Roxgold, and higher depletion at Yaramoko due to declining reserves which increased the depletion rate of new capital additions underground.

#### *Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow*

Adjusted EBITDA for the year was \$335.1 million, a margin of 40% over sales, compared to \$245.5 million reported in 2022, representing a margin of 36% over sales. The main drivers for the increase were the contribution of Séguéla with EBITDA margin of 69%, and higher production and improved margins at Yaramoko. In addition, adjusted EBITDA reflects the positive impact from the inclusion of \$12.4 million of investment income at our Argentine operations as described above.

Net cash generated by operations for 2023 was \$296.9 million or \$1.00 per share compared to \$194.2 million or \$0.67 per share in 2022. The increase of \$102.7 million is explained by higher EBITDA of \$89.6 million combined with lower income tax paid of \$16.3 million in 2023 primarily due to lower taxes paid at the San Jose Mine, no taxes paid at the Séguéla Mine in 2023 and higher repatriation withholding taxes incurred in 2022.

Free cash flow from ongoing operations for 2023 was \$153.5 million compared to \$69.2 million in 2022. The increase of \$84.3 million reflects higher net cash generated by operations, partially offset by higher sustaining capital expenditures, including brownfields explorations. Sustaining capital expenditures on a cash basis increased by \$27.6 million to \$143.6 million explained by higher CAPEX at Lindero related to the leach-pad expansion and capex incurred at Séguéla in the second half of 2023.

#### *Cash cost per ounce and AISC*

Cash cost per equivalent gold ounce was \$874, slightly above the \$849 reported in 2022 as the contribution of lower cost ounces from Séguéla in the second half of 2023 was offset by higher cost per gold ounce at Lindero of \$182 related mainly to lower planned head grades in 2023, and higher cost per equivalent gold ounce at San Jose of \$379 explained primarily by lower processed ore and lower head grades.

AISC per ounce of gold equivalent of \$1,508 in 2023 was \$77 above the \$1,431 recorded the prior year due mainly to higher cash cost per gold equivalent ounce and higher capex at Lindero related to the leach pad

expansion.

## Liquidity

Total liquidity available to the Company as at December 31, 2023 was \$213.1 million, comprised of \$128.1 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$85.0 million undrawn (excluding letters of credit) on the Company's revolving \$250.0 million credit facility. Total net debt as of the end of the quarter was \$83.2 million.

Subsequent to the year end the Company paid down an additional \$25.0 million on its corporate credit facility, taking the outstanding debt amount to \$140.0 million.

## Lindero Mine, Argentina

	Three months ended December 31,		Years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Mine Production				
Tonnes placed on the leach pad	1,556,000	1,334,509	6,005,049	5,498,064
Gold				
Grade (g/t)	0.63	0.80	0.64	0.81
Production (oz)	29,591	29,301	101,238	118,418
Metal sold (oz)	29,308	27,847	103,503	117,076
Realized price (\$/oz)	1,993	1,732	1,942	1,803
Unit Costs				
Cash cost (\$/oz Au) <sup>1</sup>	934	814	920	739
All-in sustaining cash cost (\$/oz Au) <sup>1</sup>	1,557	1,219	1,565	1,140
Capital Expenditures (\$000's) <sup>2</sup>				
Sustaining	10,607	3,973	39,358	18,035
Sustaining leases	598	567	2,393	2,398
Non-sustaining	1,302	-	1,978	169
Brownfields	-	184	-	1,288

<sup>1</sup> Cash cost and AISC are non-IFRS financial measures. Refer to Non-IFRS Financial Measures section at the end of this news release and to the MD&A accompanying the Company's financial statements filed on SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca) for a description of the calculation of these measures.

<sup>2</sup> Capital expenditures are presented on a cash basis.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, a total of 1,556,000 tonnes of ore were placed on the heap leach pad, with an average gold grade of 0.63 g/t, containing an estimated 31,665 ounces of gold. Gold production for Q4 2023 totaled 29,591 ounces. This represents a 1% increase in total ounces, from the previous quarter. Gold production was comprised of 24,977 ounces in doré bars, 4,443 ounces of gold contained in fine carbon, and 171 ounces contained in copper concentrate. Ore mined was 2.1 million tonnes, with a stripping ratio of 0.6:1. The stripping ratio in the fourth quarter was 45 percent lower than the third quarter of 2023.

For the full year 2023 gold production totaled 101,238 ounces, achieving midpoint of annual production guidance. Gold production comprised of 94,905 ounces in doré bars, 6,015 ounces in gold contained in fine carbon, and 319 ounces contained in copper concentrate. The stripping ratio for 2023 was 1.14:1, aligned with the mining plan for the year.

The cash cost per ounce of gold for the quarter ending December 31, 2023, was \$934 compared to \$814 in the same period of 2022. For the year ending December 31, 2023, the cash cost per ounce was \$920, an increase from \$739 in 2022. The increase in cash cost per ounce of gold for both the quarter and for the full

year was primarily due to lower processed gold grades in accordance with the mine plan.

The all-in sustaining cash cost per gold ounce sold during Q4 2023 was \$1,557, up from \$1,219 in the fourth quarter of 2022. For the full year of 2023, the all-in sustaining cash cost was \$1,565, compared to \$1,140 in 2022. The increase both for the quarter and the year was driven by higher cash costs, along with increased sustaining capital expenditures related to the leach pad expansion. This was partially mitigated by higher copper by-product credits.

As of December 31, 2023, the leach pad expansion project is approximately 23% complete. Mobilization of the civil contractor's personnel and equipment has advanced with earth moving activities having commenced in January. Deliveries of geomembrane and geosynthetic clay liner are on-track, with the remaining materials expected to arrive on site in the first quarter of 2024. The leach pad expansion remains on schedule for completion during the second half of 2024.

#### Yaramoko Mine, Burkina Faso

	Three months ended December 31,		Years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Mine Production				
Tonnes milled	110,445	142,694	531,579	546,651
Gold				
Grade (g/t)	7.16	6.45	6.81	6.37
Recovery (%)	98	98	98	98
Production (oz)	28,235	26,190	117,711	106,108
Metal sold (oz)	28,229	26,250	117,676	107,433
Realized price (\$/oz)	1,984	1,742	1,945	1,802
Unit Costs				
Cash cost (\$/oz Au) <sup>1</sup>	949	818	809	840
All-in sustaining cash cost (\$/oz Au) <sup>1</sup>	1,720	1,829	1,499	1,529
Capital Expenditures (\$000's) <sup>2</sup>				
Sustaining	12,620	18,994	49,938	45,665
Sustaining leases	1,077	1,419	4,758	5,692
Brownfields	1,261	2,855	4,917	5,873

<sup>1</sup> Cash cost and AISC are non-IFRS financial measures. Refer to Non-IFRS Financial Measures section at the end of this news release and to the MD&A accompanying the Company's financial statements filed on SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca) for a description of the calculation of these measures.

<sup>2</sup> Capital expenditures are presented on a cash basis.

The Yaramoko Mine produced 28,235 ounces of gold in the fourth quarter of 2023 with an average gold head grade of 7.16 g/t, 8% and 11% increases when compared to the same period in 2022. Higher production was due to higher grades partially offset by lower mill throughput in the fourth quarter and a planned maintenance shutdown in December.

Gold production in 2023 totaled 117,711 ounces, achieving the higher end of the annual guidance range.

The cash cost per ounce of gold sold for the quarter ended December 31, 2023, was \$949 compared to \$818 in the same period in 2022. The increase for the quarter is mainly attributed to higher mining costs, particularly due to equipment, energy, and overhead expenses, but was partially offset by higher gold production. For the year ending December 31, 2023, the cash cost per ounce of gold sold was \$809, a decrease from \$840 in 2022. The full year decrease is mainly due to increased production and lower mining costs during prior quarters.

The all-in sustaining cash cost per gold ounce sold was \$1,720 for the quarter ended December 31, 2023, compared to \$1,829 in the same period of 2022. The change in the quarter was primarily due to the increased cash cost described above, increased royalties and an administrative penalty in Q4, offset by reduced capital expenditures. For the full year, the all-in sustaining cash cost per gold ounces sold was \$1,499 in 2023, compared to \$1,529 in 2022. The increased royalties and administrative penalty costs in Q4 2023 were offset by increased production and decreased costs earlier in the year.

Exploration and grade control drilling success in conjunction with underground development extended mineralization on the western side of the Zone 55 mineralized structure. This provided additional mining areas which demonstrated wider and higher-grade extensions of mineralization within and beyond the existing resource boundary.

#### Séguéla Mine, Côte d'Ivoire

	Three months ended December 31, 2023	2022	Years ended December 2023	2022
Mine Production				
Tonnes milled	387,624	-	807,617	-
Average tonnes crushed per day	4,123	-	3,282	-
Gold				
Grade (g/t)	3.62	-	3.42	-
Recovery (%)	95	-	94	-
Production (oz)	43,096	-	78,617	-
Metal sold (oz)	43,018	-	78,521	-
Realized price (\$/oz)	1,994	-	1,963	-
Unit Costs				
Cash cost (\$/oz Au) <sup>1</sup>	323	-	357	-
All-in sustaining cash cost (\$/oz Au) <sup>1</sup>	737	-	760	-
Capital Expenditures (\$000's) <sup>2</sup>				
Sustaining	7,765	-	10,912	-
Sustaining leases	2,285	-	5,329	-

<sup>1</sup> Cash cost and All-in sustaining cash cost are non-IFRS financial measures. Refer to Non-IFRS Financial Measures.

<sup>2</sup> Capital expenditures are presented on a cash basis

In the fourth quarter of 2023, mined material totaled 387,624 tonnes of ore, averaging 3.62 g/t Au, and containing an estimated 43,096 ounces of gold from the Antenna Pit. Movement of waste during the quarter totaled 2,110,209 tonnes, for a strip ratio of 5.4:1. Séguéla produced 43,096 ounces of gold, a 37% increase and a 5% decrease, respectively, compared to the third quarter of 2023. The increase in gold production is directly related to the mill achieving consistently higher throughput, processing 387,624 tonnes, a 25% increase over the previous quarter.

Gold production in 2023 totaled 78,617 ounces, exceeding the higher end of the annual guidance range.

Reconciliation of tonnes, grade, and gold ounces mined for the fourth quarter from Antenna show a positive correlation when compared to the long-term reserve model with 6% higher ore tonnes mined at 16% higher grades resulting in 24% more gold ounces extracted than predicted in the model.

Process plant performance continued to improve as feed characteristics were stabilized and initial bottlenecks addressed. Recovery in the fourth quarter increased to 94.9%, ahead of feasibility study assumptions. Plant productivity also continued to improve with throughput in the fourth quarter being 186 tonnes/hour, a 20% increase on the 154 tonnes/hour nameplate capacity.

Cash cost per gold ounce sold was \$323 for Q4 2023 and \$357 for the full year, which was below plan and

guidance, primarily due to higher production, higher head grades, lower consumable consumption, and lower service costs.

All-in sustaining cash cost per gold ounce sold was \$737 for Q4 2023 and \$760 for the full year, which was below plan and guidance, primarily due to lower cash cost and higher sales volume, partially offset by higher capital expenditures.

#### San Jose Mine, Mexico

	Three months ended December 31,		Years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Mine Production				
Tonnes milled	241,035	259,500	930,200	1,029,590
Average tonnes milled per day	2,678	2,883	2,643	2,925
Silver				
Grade (g/t)	145	194	171	191
Recovery (%)	91	91	91	91
Production (oz)	1,023,525	1,473,627	4,656,631	5,762,563
Metal sold (oz)	1,040,888	1,482,452	4,659,611	5,755,330
Realized price (\$/oz)	23.35	21.37	23.36	21.73
Gold				
Grade (g/t)	0.91	1.13	1.06	1.14
Recovery (%)	90	90	90	90
Production (oz)	6,345	8,499	28,559	34,124
Metal sold (oz)	6,406	8,621	28,524	34,201
Realized price (\$/oz)	1,983	1,734	1,942	1,802
Unit Costs				
Production cash cost (\$/t) <sup>2</sup>	103.89	86.26	98.98	81.33
Production cash cost (\$/oz Ag Eq) <sup>1,2</sup>	17.57	11.16	14.40	10.56
All-in sustaining cash cost (\$/oz Ag Eq) <sup>1,2</sup>	21.98	15.53	19.40	15.11
Capital Expenditures (\$000's) <sup>3</sup>				
Sustaining	3,190	3,695	14,018	15,731
Sustaining leases	246	169	878	658
Non-sustaining	505	-	1,682	869
Brownfields	1,257	961	4,215	5,606

<sup>1</sup> Production cash cost silver equivalent and All-in sustaining cash cost silver equivalent are calculated using realized metal prices for each period respectively.

<sup>2</sup> Production cash cost, Production cash cost silver equivalent, and All-in sustaining cash cost silver equivalent are Non-IFRS Financial Measures, refer to Non-IFRS Financial Measures section at the end of this news release and to the MD&A accompanying the Company's financial statements filed on SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca) for a description of the calculation of these measures.

<sup>3</sup> Capital expenditures are presented on a cash basis.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, San Jose produced 1,023,525 ounces of silver and 6,345 ounces of gold, 31% and 25% decreases respectively, at average head grades for silver and gold of 145 g/t and 0.91 g/t, 25% and 20% decreases respectively, when compared to the same period in 2022. The decrease in silver and gold production for the quarter is explained by the declining grade profile of Mineral Reserves in the mine plan, as well as lower tonnage extracted from the mine. The reduction in tonnage is due to operational challenges leading to delays in backfilling and blasting operations in stopes P and Q during December 2023. During the fourth quarter, the processing plant milled 241,035 tonnes at an average of 2,678 tonnes per day.

Production in 2023 totaled 4,656,631 ounces of silver and 28,559 ounces of gold, 12% and 16% below

annual guidance range, respectively. The decrease in production is attributed primarily to the 15-day illegal union blockade in the second quarter, the associated disruption to operations thereafter, and a silver and gold head grade reconciliation to reserves at the lower end of guidance range.

The cash cost per silver equivalent ounce for the three months ending December 31, 2023, was \$17.57, an increase from \$11.16 in the same period of 2022. This increase was primarily attributed to lower head grades, as discussed above, and higher cash costs per tonne primarily related to the appreciation of the Mexican peso, higher mining contractor tariffs, and a 7% decrease in processed ore. For the year ending December 31, 2023 the cash cost per silver equivalent ounce sold was \$14.40 compared to \$10.56. The full year increase was driven by lower head grades, and higher cash cost per tonne, which was similarly influenced by the appreciation of the Mexican Peso and 10% lower tonnes processed.

The all-in sustaining cash cost of payable silver equivalent for the three months ended December 31, 2023 increased by 42% to \$21.98 per ounce, and full year 2023 increased by 28% to \$19.40 per ounce. This compares to \$15.53 per ounce and \$15.11 per ounce for the same periods in 2022. These increases were mainly driven by higher cash costs and lower production, slightly mitigated by lower workers' participation costs.

The decrease in Brownfields expenditures is primarily attributable to reduced drilling activity in 2023. Drilling in 2023 was however higher than initially anticipated, owing to the emergent drilling campaign at the Yessi vein, discovered in the third quarter of the year. Exploration at the Yessi vein continues.

#### Caylloma Mine, Peru

	Three months ended December 31,		Years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
<b>Mine Production</b>				
Tonnes milled	140,800	138,491	543,876	546,186
Average tonnes milled per day	1,564	1,556	1,528	1,539
<b>Silver</b>				
Grade (g/t)	88	75	85	80
Recovery (%)	83	81	83	81
Production (oz)	330,478	273,119	1,227,060	1,144,714
Metal sold (oz)	353,935	289,870	1,229,298	1,156,381
Realized price (\$/oz)	23.06	21.28	23.37	21.81
<b>Gold</b>				
Grade (g/t)	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.14
Recovery (%)	21	22	22	32
Production (oz)	109	122	513	777
Metal sold (oz)	-	-	40	603
Realized price (\$/oz)	-	-	1,902	1,864
<b>Lead</b>				
Grade (%)	3.84	3.22	3.74	3.27
Recovery (%)	91	89	91	88
Production (000's lbs)	10,798	8,735	40,852	34,588
Metal sold (000's lbs)	11,641	9,118	41,074	34,869
Realized price (\$/lb)	0.97	0.96	0.98	0.98
<b>Zinc</b>				
Grade (%)	5.00	4.63	5.11	4.32
Recovery (%)	90	89	90	89
Production (000's lbs)	13,933	12,575	55,060	46,176
Metal sold (000's lbs)	14,407	11,027	56,166	44,770
Realized price (\$/lb)	1.13	1.35	1.23	1.57

Unit Costs				
Production cash cost (\$/t) <sup>2</sup>	100.71	95.70	100.40	92.96
Production cash cost (\$/oz Ag Eq) <sup>1,2</sup>	13.67	12.46	14.28	12.34
All-in sustaining cash cost (\$/oz Ag Eq) <sup>1,2</sup>	22.34	20.30	19.90	17.97
Capital Expenditures (\$000's) <sup>3</sup>				
Sustaining	8,635	7,188	17,903	18,694
Sustaining leases	912	845	3,538	3,350
Brownfields	966	473	2,302	1,202

<sup>1</sup> Production cash cost silver equivalent and All-in sustaining cash cost silver equivalent are calculated using realized metal prices for each period respectively.

<sup>2</sup> Production cash cost, Production cash cost silver equivalent, and All-in sustaining cash cost silver equivalent are Non-IFRS Financial Measures, refer to Non-IFRS Financial Measures section at the end of this news release and to the MD&A accompanying the Company's financial statements filed on SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca) for a description of the calculation of these measures.

<sup>3</sup> Capital expenditures are presented on a cash basis.

In the fourth quarter, the Caylloma Mine produced 330,478 ounces of silver at an average head grade of 88 g/t, a 21% and 17% increase, respectively, when compared to the previous quarter. Silver production for 2023 totaled 1,227,060 ounces, exceeding the upper end of annual guidance range by 10%.

Lead and zinc production for the quarter was 10.8 million pounds of lead, and 13.9 million pounds of zinc. Lead and zinc production rose by 24% and 11%, respectively, compared to the same period in 2022. Head grades averaged 3.84%, and 5.00%, a 19% and 8% increase, respectively, when compared to the previous quarter. Record lead and zinc production for 2023 totaled 40.9 and 55.1 million pounds, respectively. Increased production is the result of positive grade reconciliation to the reserve model in levels 16 and 18 of the Animas vein. Gold production for the quarter totaled 109 ounces with an average head grade of 0.11 g/t.

The cash cost per silver equivalent ounce sold for the quarter ended December 31, 2023, was \$13.67 compared to \$12.46 in the same period in 2022. The increase for the quarter is attributed primarily due to higher cash cost per tonne, higher treatment charges and the impact of higher silver prices on the calculation of silver equivalent ounces. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the cash cost per ounce of gold sold was \$14.3, compared to \$12.3 in 2022. The full year increase was driven mainly by the same factors explained above for the quarter.

The all-in sustaining cash cost per ounce of payable silver equivalent for the three months ended December 31, 2023, increased 10% to \$22.34, compared to \$20.30 for the same period in 2022. The all-in sustaining cash cost per ounce of payable silver equivalent for the full year 2023 increased 11% to \$19.90, compared to \$17.97 in 2022. The increases were mainly driven by the impact of higher silver prices on the calculation of silver equivalent ounces, higher cash costs per ounce and higher capital costs.

Underground development for the quarter was mainly focused on mine levels 15, 16, and 18. The increase in Brownfields expenditures is primarily attributable to greater meterage and additional diamond drilling.

#### Qualified Person

Eric Chapman, Senior Vice President of Technical Services, is a Professional Geoscientist of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the Province of British Columbia (Registration Number 36328), and is the Company's Qualified Person (as defined by National Instrument 43-101). Mr. Chapman has reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information contained in this news release and has verified the underlying data.

#### Fourth Quarter Unaudited and Annual Audited Income Statement and Cash Flow

#### Income Statement

	Note	Three months ended December 31,		Years ended Dec	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
Sales	20	\$ 265,314	\$ 164,723	\$ 842,428	\$ 68
Cost of sales	21	213,462	138,683	652,403	53
Mine operating income		51,852	26,040	190,025	14
General and administration	22	19,909	16,676	64,073	61
Foreign exchange loss		2,430	442	10,885	8,8
Impairment of mineral properties, plant and equipment	32	90,615	182,842	90,615	18
Write-off of mineral properties		5,263	372	5,985	5,8
Other (income) expenses	23	11,009	(1,186 )	18,874	1,3
		129,226	199,146	190,432	26
Operating loss		(77,374 )	(173,106 )	(407 )	(11
Investment gains	5	12,395	-	12,395	-
Interest and finance costs, net	24	(7,535 )	(3,111 )	(21,790 )	(12
(Loss) gain on derivatives	20	(301 )	453	(1,249 )	50
		4,559	(2,658 )	(10,644 )	(11
Loss before income taxes		(72,815 )	(175,764 )	(11,051 )	(12
Income taxes					
Current income tax expense	25	27,057	7,756	42,636	35
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	25	(10,033 )	(23,086 )	(10,057 )	(24
		17,024	(15,330 )	32,579	10
Net loss for the year		\$ (89,839 )	\$ (160,434 )	\$ (43,630 )	\$ (13
Net loss attributable to:					
Fortuna shareholders		\$ (92,316 )	\$ (152,772 )	\$ (50,836 )	\$ (12
Non-controlling interest	30	2,477	(7,662 )	7,206	(7,
		\$ (89,839 )	\$ (160,434 )	\$ (43,630 )	\$ (13
Loss per share	19				
Basic		\$ (0.30 )	\$ (0.52 )	\$ (0.17 )	\$ (0.
Diluted		\$ (0.30 )	\$ (0.52 )	\$ (0.17 )	\$ (0.
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (000's)					
Basic		306,511	291,429	295,067	29
Diluted		306,511	291,429	295,067	29

## Statement of Cash Flow

	Note	Three months ended December 31,		Years er
		2023	2022	2023
Operating activities:				
Net loss for the year		\$ (89,839 )	(160,434 )	\$ (43,630 )
Items not involving cash				
Depletion and depreciation		71,602	44,499	219,68
Accretion expense	24	1,597	1,256	6,773
Income taxes		17,023	(15,329 )	32,579
Interest expense, net	24	5,933	1,855	15,017
Share-based payments, net of cash settlements		2,602	2,961	2,017
Impairment of mineral properties, plant and equipment	32	90,615	182,841	90,615
Inventory net realizable value adjustments	6	5,260	3,809	6,188

Inventory obsolescence adjustments	6	10,097	-	10,097
Write-off of mineral properties	9	5,210	372	5,985
Unrealized foreign exchange loss		4,441	(1,911 )	5,706
Investment gains	5	(12,395 )	-	(12,395)
Unrealized gains on derivatives		81	182	(170)
Other	23	4,462	(239 )	5,142
Closure and reclamation payments	16	(599 )	(270 )	(1,203)
Changes in working capital	29	887	38	(9,737)
Cash provided by operating activities		116,977	59,630	332,677
Income taxes paid		(6,271 )	(7,351 )	(25,877)
Interest paid		(6,916 )	(3,366 )	(13,544)
Interest received		1,287	660	3,654
Net cash provided by operating activities		105,076	49,573	296,900
Investing activities:				
Costs related to Chesser acquisition, net of cash acquired	8	(10,260 )	-	(13,320)
Restricted cash		-	-	-
Additions to mineral properties and property, plant and equipment		(51,852 )	(70,402 )	(217,300)
Contractor advances on Séguéla construction		-	-	(8)
Purchases of investments	5	(9,359 )	-	(9,359)
Proceeds from sale of investments	5	21,754	-	21,754
Other investing activities		(1,283 )	-	1,364
Cash used in investing activities		(51,000 )	(70,402 )	(216,800)
Financing activities:				
Transaction costs on credit facility	14	-	-	-
Proceeds from credit facility	14	10,000	15,000	75,500
Repayment of credit facility	14	(50,500 )	-	(90,500)
Repurchase of common shares	18	-	-	-
Issuance of common shares from option exercise		301	-	301
Payments of lease obligations		(4,976 )	(2,988 )	(16,620)
Dividend payment to non-controlling interest		(87 )	-	(1,392)
Cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(45,262 )	12,012	(32,710)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		1,551	1,457	346
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year		10,365	(7,360 )	47,655
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		117,780	\$ 116,126	80,493
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year		\$ 128,145	\$ 108,766	\$ 128,148
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:				
Cash		\$ 106,135	\$ 65,140	\$ 106,135
Cash equivalents		22,013	15,353	22,013
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year		\$ 128,148	\$ 80,493	\$ 128,148
Supplemental cash flow information (Note 29)				

### Non-IFRS Financial Measures

The Company has disclosed certain financial measures and ratios in this news release which are not defined under the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and are not disclosed in the Company's financial statements, including but not limited to: cash cost per ounce of gold equivalent sold; all-in sustaining cash cost per ounce of gold equivalent sold; all-in cash cost per ounce of gold equivalent sold; total production cash cost per tonne; cash cost per payable ounce of silver equivalent sold; all-in sustaining cash cost per payable ounce of silver equivalent sold; all-in cash cost per payable ounce of silver equivalent sold; free cash flow from ongoing operations; adjusted net income; attributable adjusted net income; adjusted EBITDA; net debt and working capital.

These non-IFRS financial measures and non-IFRS ratios are widely reported in the mining industry as

benchmarks for performance and are used by management to monitor and evaluate the Company's operating performance and ability to generate cash. The Company believes that, in addition to financial measures and ratios prepared in accordance with IFRS, certain investors use these non-IFRS financial measures and ratios to evaluate the Company's performance. However, the measures do not have a standardized meaning under IFRS and may not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other companies. Accordingly, non-IFRS financial measures and non-IFRS ratios should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures and ratios of the Company's performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. The Company has calculated these measures consistently for all periods presented.

To facilitate a better understanding of these measures and ratios as calculated by the Company, descriptions are provided below. In addition, see "Non-IFRS Financial Measures" in the Company's management's discussion and analysis for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 ("2023 MD&A"), which section is incorporated by reference in this news release, for additional information regarding each non-IFRS financial measure and non-IFRS ratio disclosed in this news release, including an explanation of their composition; an explanation of how such measures and ratios provide useful information to an investor and the additional purposes, if any, for which management of Fortuna uses such measures and ratio. The 2023 MD&A may be accessed on SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca) under the Company's profile, [Fortuna Silver Mines Inc.](#)

Except as otherwise described in the 2023 MD&A, the Company has calculated these measures consistently for all periods presented.

#### Reconciliation to Adjusted Net Income for the Three and Twelve Months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Consolidated (in millions of US dollars)	Three months ended December 31,		Years ended December	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net income	(89.8 )	(160.4 )	(43.6 )	(135.9 )
<i>Adjustments, net of tax:</i>				
Community support provision and accruals <sup>1</sup>	(0.4 )	(0.1 )	(0.5 )	(0.1 )
Foreign exchange loss, Séguéla Mine <sup>2</sup>	-	(0.4 )	-	0.8
Write off of mineral properties	4.0	0.3	4.5	5.1
Unrealized loss on derivatives	0.1	0.1	(0.3 )	(0.4 )
Impairment of mineral properties, plant and equipment	90.6	164.5	90.6	164.5
Inventory adjustment	13.5	3.8	14.2	8.0
Accretion on right of use assets	0.5	0.5	3.3	2.3
Other non-cash/non-recurring items	4.9	(1.1 )	4.4	(1.7 )
Adjusted Net Income	23.4	7.2	72.6	42.6

<sup>1</sup> Amounts are recorded in Cost of sales

<sup>2</sup> Amounts are recorded in General and Administration

Figures may not add due to rounding

#### Reconciliation to Attributable Adjusted Net Income for the Three and Twelve Months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Consolidated (in millions of US dollars)	Three months ended December 31,		Years ended December	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net loss attributable to shareholders	(92.3 )	(152.8 )	(50.8 )	(128.1 )
<i>Adjustments, net of tax:</i>				
Community support provision and accruals <sup>1</sup>	(0.4 )	(0.1 )	(0.5 )	(0.1 )
Foreign exchange loss, Séguéla Mine <sup>2</sup>	-	(0.4 )	-	1.1
Write off of mineral properties	4.0	0.3	4.5	5.1
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivatives	0.1	0.1	(0.3 )	(0.4 )
Impairment of mineral properties, plant and equipment	90.6	155.9	90.6	155.9

Inventory adjustment	13.2	3.8	13.9	7.6
Accretion on right of use assets	0.5	0.5	3.1	2.3
Other non-cash/non-recurring items	4.9	(0.9)	4.4	(2.0)
Attributable Adjusted Net Income	20.6	6.4	64.9	41.4

<sup>1</sup> Amounts are recorded in Cost of sales

<sup>2</sup> Amounts are recorded in General and Administration

Figures may not add due to rounding

#### Reconciliation to Adjusted EBITDA for the Three and Twelve Months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Consolidated (in millions of US dollars)	Three months ended December 31,		Years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net income	(89.8)	(160.4)	(43.6)	(135.9)
<i>Adjustments:</i>				
Community support provision and accruals	(0.5)	(0.1)	(0.7)	(0.1)
Inventory adjustment	15.4	3.8	16.3	8.9
Foreign exchange loss, Séguéla Mine	-	(0.4)	0.8	0.8
Net finance items	7.5	3.1	21.8	12.1
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization	71.6	45.3	219.6	172.8
Income taxes	17.0	(15.3)	32.6	10.8
Impairment of mineral properties, plant and equipment	90.6	182.8	90.6	182.8
Other non-cash/non-recurring items	8.5	(3.0)	(2.3)	(6.7)
Adjusted EBITDA	120.3	55.8	335.1	245.5

Figures may not add due to rounding

#### Reconciliation of Free Cash Flow from ongoing operations for the Three and Twelve Months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Consolidated (in millions of US dollars)	Three months ended December 31,		Years ended December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net cash provided by operating activities	105.1	49.6	296.9	194.2
<i>Adjustments</i>				
Séguéla, working capital	-	-	4.4	-
Additions to mineral properties, plant and equipment	(46.3)	(39.6)	(143.6)	(113.4)
Gain on blue chip swap investments	12.4	-	12.4	-
Mexican royalty payment	-	-	-	3.0
Other adjustments	(5.0)	(5.6)	(16.6)	(14.6)
Free cash flow from ongoing operations	66.2	4.4	153.5	69.2

Figures may not add due to rounding

#### Reconciliation of Cash Cost per Gold Equivalent Ounce Sold for the Three and Twelve Months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Cash Cost Per Gold Equivalent Ounce Sold - Q4 2023	Lindero	Yaramoko	Séguéla	San Jose	Caylloma	GE
Cost of sales	57,913	49,598	46,239	41,108	18,599	213
Inventory adjustment	(7,884)	(3,033)	-	(4,407)	(683)	(16)
Depletion, depreciation, and amortization	(15,061)	(15,345)	(25,972)	(11,407)	(3,476)	(71)
Royalties and taxes	(3,916)	(4,437)	(6,364)	(815)	(227)	(15)

By-product credits	(4,183 )	-	-	-	(4,183 )
Right of use	-	-	-	219	584
Other	-	-	-	344	(53 )
Production cash costs	26,869	26,783	13,903	25,042	106,869
Inventory adjustment	-	-	-	(147 )	536
Right of use	-	-	-	(219 )	(58 )
Depletion and depreciation in concentrate inventory	-	-	-	56	66
Realized gain on diesel hedge	-	-	-	-	-
Treatment and refining charges	-	-	-	1,505	5,741
Cash cost applicable per gold equivalent ounce sold	26,869	26,783	13,903	26,237	112,869
Ounces of gold equivalent sold	28,779	28,229	43,018	17,650	133,676
Cash cost per ounce of gold equivalent sold (\$/oz)	934	949	323	1,487	840

Gold equivalent was calculated using the realized prices for gold of \$1,990/oz Au, \$23.3/oz Ag, \$2,137/t Pb, and \$2,499/t Zn for Q4 2023.

Cash Cost Per Gold Equivalent Ounce Sold - Q4 2022	Lindero	Yaramoko	Séguéla	San Jose	Caylloma	GE
Cost of sales	43,057	42,084	-	34,775	16,676	136,592
Inventory adjustment	(312 )	-	-	27	216	(69 )
Depletion, depreciation, and amortization	(13,441 )	(17,884 )	-	(10,557 )	(2,960 )	(44,842 )
Royalties and taxes	(3,353 )	(2,732 )	-	(1,260 )	(181 )	(7,526 )
By-product credits	(982 )	-	-	-	-	(982 )
Right of use	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	(601 )	(497 )	(1,098 )
Production cash costs	24,969	21,468	-	22,384	13,254	82,075
Inventory adjustment	(1,379 )	-	-	(27 )	(216 )	(1,622 )
Right of use	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depletion and depreciation in concentrate inventory	-	-	-	47	(120 )	(73 )
Realized gain on diesel hedge	(1,105 )	-	-	-	-	(1,105 )
Treatment and refining charges	-	-	-	947	3,128	4,075
Cash cost applicable per gold equivalent ounce sold	22,485	21,468	-	23,351	16,046	83,363
Ounces of gold equivalent sold	27,634	26,250	-	25,747	15,795	95,426
Cash cost per ounce of gold equivalent sold (\$/oz)	814	818	-	907	1,016	873

Gold equivalent was calculated using the realized prices for gold of \$1,737/oz Au, \$21.4/oz Ag, \$2,106/t Pb, and \$2,986/t Zn for Q4 2022.

Cash Cost Per Gold Equivalent Ounce Sold - Year 2023	Lindero	Yaramoko	Séguéla	San Jose	Caylloma	GE
Cost of sales	176,696	186,757	79,472	140,068	69,408	652,371
Inventory adjustment	(10,693 )	(3,859 )	-	(4,564 )	(576 )	(19,692 )
Depletion, depreciation, and amortization	(51,258 )	(73,064 )	(40,529 )	(40,058 )	(13,390 )	(218,309 )
Royalties and taxes	(14,958 )	(14,678 )	(10,932 )	(4,390 )	(1,078 )	(45,036 )
By-product credits	(7,921 )	-	-	-	-	(7,921 )
Right of use	-	-	-	758	1,933	2,691
Other	-	-	-	253	(1,692 )	(1,439 )
Production cash costs	91,866	95,156	28,011	92,067	54,605	361,705
Inventory adjustment	2,823	-	-	10	576	3,409
Right of use	-	-	-	(758 )	(1,933 )	(2,691 )
Depletion and depreciation in concentrate inventory	-	-	-	30	76	106
Realized gain on diesel hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treatment and refining charges	-	-	-	4,352	19,974	24,326
Cash cost applicable per gold equivalent ounce sold	94,689	95,156	28,011	95,701	73,298	361,255

Ounces of gold equivalent sold	102,896	117,676	78,521	80,458	63,229	4
Cash cost per ounce of gold equivalent sold (\$/oz)	920	809	357	1,189	1,159	8

Gold equivalent was calculated using the realized prices for gold of \$1,948/oz Au, \$23.4/oz Ag, \$2,155/t Pb, and \$2,706/t Zn for year 2023.

Cash Cost Per Gold Equivalent Ounce Sold - Year 2022	Lindero	Yaramoko	Séguéla	San Jose	Caylloma	GEO C
Cost of sales	164,179	171,846	-	129,088	67,491	532,60
Inventory adjustment	293	(6,397 )	-	156	48	(5,900
Depletion, depreciation, and amortization	(54,644 )	(64,894 )	-	(37,773 )	(14,108 )	(171,4
Royalties and taxes	(15,545 )	(11,630 )	-	(5,262 )	(867 )	(33,30
By-product credits	(1,214 )	(25 )	-	-	-	(1,239
Right of use	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	(329 )	-	(2,477 )	(1,789 )	(4,595
Production cash costs	93,069	88,571	-	83,732	50,775	316,14
Inventory adjustment	(1,984 )	1,320	-	(156 )	(48 )	(868
Right of use	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depletion and depreciation in concentrate inventory	-	-	-	(2 )	76	74
Realized gain on diesel hedge	(4,620 )	-	-	-	-	(4,620
Treatment and refining charges	-	329	-	3,508	15,476	19,313
Cash cost applicable per gold equivalent ounce sold	86,465	90,220	-	87,082	66,279	330,04
Ounces of gold equivalent sold	116,950	107,433	-	99,439	64,952	388,77
Cash cost per ounce of gold equivalent sold (\$/oz)	739	840	-	876	1,020	849

Gold equivalent was calculated using the realized prices for gold of \$1,802/oz Au, \$21.8/oz Ag, \$2,161/t Pb, and \$3,468/t Zn for year 2022.

#### Reconciliation of All-in Sustaining Cash Cost per Ounce of Gold Equivalent Sold for the Three and Twelve Months ended December 31, 2023 and 2023

AISC Per Gold Equivalent Ounce Sold - Q4 2023	Lindero	Yaramoko	Séguéla	San Jose	Caylloma	Corporate
Cash cost applicable per gold equivalent ounce sold	26,869	26,783	13,903	26,237	18,750	-
Inventory net realizable value adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Royalties and taxes	3,916	4,437	6,364	815	227	-
Worker's participation	-	-	-	(430 )	399	-
General and administration	2,833	(336 )	1,398	1,789	1,344	12,603
Stand-by	-	2,700	-	-	-	-
Total cash costs	33,618	33,584	21,665	28,411	20,720	12,603
Sustaining capital <sup>1</sup>	11,205	14,958	10,050	4,693	10,513	-
All-in sustaining costs	44,823	48,542	31,715	33,104	31,233	12,603
Gold equivalent ounces sold	28,779	28,229	43,018	17,650	16,236	-
All-in sustaining costs per ounce	1,557	1,720	737	1,876	1,924	-

Gold equivalent was calculated using the realized prices for gold of \$1,990/oz Au, \$23.3/oz Ag, \$2,137/t Pb, and \$2,499/t Zn for Q4 2023.

<sup>1</sup> Presented on a cash basis

AISC Per Gold Equivalent Ounce Sold - Q4 2022	Lindero	Yaramoko	Séguéla	San Jose	Caylloma	Corporate	G
Cash cost applicable per gold equivalent ounce sold	22,485	21,468	-	23,351	16,046	-	8
Inventory net realizable value adjustment	1,052	-	-	-	-	-	1
Royalties and taxes	3,353	2,732	-	1,260	181	-	7
Worker's participation	-	-	-	751	480	-	1
General and administration	2,081	531	-	2,319	928	10,329	1
Stand-by	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Total cash costs	28,971	24,731	-	27,681	17,635	10,329	1
Sustaining capital <sup>3</sup>	4,724	23,268	-	4,825	8,506	-	4
All-in sustaining costs	33,695	47,999	-	32,506	26,141	10,329	1
Gold equivalent ounces sold	27,634	26,250	-	25,747	15,795	-	9
All-in sustaining costs per ounce	1,219	1,829	-	1,263	1,655	-	1

Gold equivalent was calculated using the realized prices for gold of \$1,737/oz Au, \$21.4/oz Ag, \$2,106/t Pb, and \$2,986/t Zn for Q4 2022.

1 Presented on a cash basis

AISC Per Gold Equivalent Ounce Sold - Year 2023	Lindero	Yaramoko	Séguéla	San Jose	Caylloma	Corporate	0
Cash cost applicable per gold equivalent ounce sold	94,689	95,156	28,011	95,701	73,298	-	3
Inventory net realizable value adjustment	-	334	-	-	-	-	3
Royalties and taxes	14,958	14,678	10,932	4,390	1,078	-	4
Worker's participation	-	-	-	(316	) 1,927	-	1
General and administration	9,624	919	4,510	7,040	4,810	35,903	6
Stand-by	-	5,699	-	4,084	-	-	9
Total cash costs	119,271	116,786	43,453	110,899	81,113	35,903	5
Sustaining capital <sup>3</sup>	41,751	59,613	16,241	19,111	23,743	-	1
All-in sustaining costs	161,022	176,399	59,694	130,010	104,856	35,903	6
Gold equivalent ounces sold	102,896	117,676	78,521	80,458	63,229	-	4
All-in sustaining costs per ounce	1,565	1,499	760	1,616	1,658	-	1

Gold equivalent was calculated using the realized prices for gold of \$1,948/oz Au, \$23.4/oz Ag, \$2,155/t Pb, and \$2,706/t Zn for year 2023.

1 Presented on a cash basis

AISC Per Gold Equivalent Ounce Sold - Year 2022	Lindero	Yaramoko	Séguéla	San Jose	Caylloma	Corporate	0
Cash cost applicable per gold equivalent ounce sold	86,465	90,220	-	87,082	66,279	-	3
Inventory net realizable value adjustment	1,052	3,125	-	-	-	-	4
Royalties and taxes	15,545	11,630	-	5,262	867	-	3
Worker's participation	-	-	-	3,096	2,087	-	5
General and administration	8,578	2,101	-	7,164	4,063	37,661	5
Stand-by	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total cash costs	111,640	107,076	-	102,604	73,296	37,661	4
Sustaining capital <sup>3</sup>	21,721	57,230	-	21,995	23,246	-	1
All-in sustaining costs	133,361	164,306	-	124,599	96,542	37,661	5
Gold equivalent ounces sold	116,950	107,433	-	99,439	64,952	-	3
All-in sustaining costs per ounce	1,140	1,529	-	1,253	1,486	-	1

Gold equivalent was calculated using the realized prices for gold of \$1,802/oz Au, \$21.8/oz Ag, \$2,161/t Pb, and \$3,468/t Zn for year 2022.

1 Presented on a cash basis

#### Reconciliation of Production Cash Cost per Tonne and Cash Cost per Payable Silver Equivalent Ounce Sold for the Three and Twelve Months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Cash Cost Per Silver Equivalent Ounce Sold - Q4 2023	San Jose	Caylloma	SEO Cash Costs
Cost of sales	41,108	18,599	59,707
Inventory adjustment	(4,407	) (683	) (5,090
Depletion, depreciation, and amortization	(11,407	) (3,476	) (14,883
Royalties and taxes	(815	) (227	) (1,042
By-product credits	-	-	-
Right of use	219	365	584

Other	344	(397	) (53	)
Production cash costs	25,042	14,181	39,223	
Total tonnes	241,035	140,800	381,835	
Production cash cost per tonne	104	101	103	
Cash Costs	25,042	14,181	39,223	
Inventory adjustment	(147	) 683	536	
Depletion and depreciation in concentrate inventory	56	10	66	
Treatment and refining charges	1,505	4,241	5,746	
Cash cost applicable per silver equivalent sold	26,456	19,115	45,571	
Ounces of silver equivalent sold <sup>1</sup>	1,505,763	1,398,062	2,903,825	
Cash cost per ounce of silver equivalent sold (\$/oz)	17.57	13.67	15.69	

1 Silver equivalent sold for Q4 2023 for San Jose is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 84.9:1. Silver equivalent sold for Q4 2023 for Caylloma is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 0.0:1, silver to lead ratio of 1:23.8 pounds, and silver to zinc ratio of 1:20.3 pounds.

2 Silver equivalent is calculated using the realized prices for gold, silver, lead, and zinc. Refer to Financial Results - Sales and Realized Prices

Cash Cost Per Silver Equivalent Ounce Sold - Q4 2022	San Jose	Caylloma	SEO Cash Costs	
Cost of sales	34,775	16,676	51,451	
Inventory adjustment	27	216	243	
Depletion, depreciation, and amortization	(10,557	) (2,960	) (13,517	)
Royalties and taxes	(1,260	) (181	) (1,441	)
By-product credits	-	-	-	
Right of use	-	-	-	
Other	(601	) (497	) (1,098	)
Production cash costs	22,384	13,254	35,638	
Total tonnes	259,500	138,491	397,991	
Production cash cost per tonne	86	96	90	
Cash Costs	22,384	13,254	35,638	
Inventory adjustment	(27	) (216	) (243	)
Depletion and depreciation in concentrate inventory	47	(120	) (73	)
Treatment and refining charges	947	3,128	4,075	
Cash cost applicable per silver equivalent sold	23,351	16,046	39,397	
Ounces of silver equivalent sold <sup>1</sup>	2,092,500	1,287,998	3,380,498	
Cash cost per ounce of silver equivalent sold (\$/oz)	11.16	12.46	11.65	

1 Silver equivalent sold for San Jose for Q4 2022 is 81.2:1. Silver equivalent sold for Caylloma for Q4 2022 is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 0.0:1, silver to lead ratio of 1:22.3 pounds, and silver to zinc ratio 1:15.7.

2 Silver equivalent is calculated using the realized prices for gold, silver, lead, and zinc. Refer to Financial Results - Sales and Realized Prices

Cash Cost Per Silver Equivalent Ounce Sold - Year 2023	San Jose	Caylloma	SEO Cash Costs	
Cost of sales	140,068	69,408	209,476	
Inventory adjustment	(4,564	) (576	) (5,140	)
Depletion, depreciation, and amortization	(40,058	) (13,390	) (53,448	)
Royalties and taxes	(4,390	) (1,078	) (5,468	)
By-product credits	-	-	-	
Right of use	758	1,933	2,691	
Other	253	(1,692	) (1,439	)
Production cash costs	92,067	54,605	146,672	
Total tonnes	930,200	543,877	1,474,077	
Production cash cost per tonne	99	100	100	

Cash Costs	92,067	54,605	146,672
Inventory adjustment	10	576	586
Depletion and depreciation in concentrate inventory	30	76	106
Treatment and refining charges	4,352	19,974	24,326
Cash cost applicable per silver equivalent sold	96,459	75,231	171,690
Ounces of silver equivalent sold <sup>1</sup>	6,700,419	5,269,540	11,969,959
Cash cost per ounce of silver equivalent sold (\$/oz)	14.40	14.28	14.34

1 Silver equivalent sold for year 2023 for San Jose is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 83.1:1. Silver equivalent sold for year 2023 for Caylloma is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 81.4:1, silver to lead ratio of 1:23.9 pounds, and silver to zinc ratio of 1:19.0 pounds.

2 Silver equivalent is calculated using the realized prices for gold, silver, lead, and zinc. Refer to Financial Results - Sales and Realized Prices

Cash Cost Per Silver Equivalent Ounce Sold - Year 2022	San Jose	Caylloma	SEO Cash Costs
Cost of sales	129,088	67,491	196,579
Inventory adjustment	156	48	204
Depletion, depreciation, and amortization	(37,773 )	(14,108 )	(51,881 )
Royalties and taxes	(5,262 )	(867 )	(6,129 )
By-product credits	-	-	-
Right of use	-	-	-
Other	(2,477 )	(1,789 )	(4,266 )
Production cash costs	83,732	50,775	134,507
Total tonnes	1,029,590	546,186	1,575,776
Production cash cost per tonne	81	93	85
Cash Costs	83,732	50,775	134,507
Inventory adjustment	(156 )	(48 )	(204 )
Depletion and depreciation in concentrate inventory	(2 )	76	74
Treatment and refining charges	3,508	15,476	18,984
Cash cost applicable per silver equivalent sold	87,082	66,279	153,361
Ounces of silver equivalent sold <sup>1</sup>	8,243,436	5,372,277	13,615,713
Cash cost per ounce of silver equivalent sold (\$/oz)	10.56	12.34	11.26

1 Silver equivalent sold for year 2022 for San Jose is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 82.9:1. Silver equivalent sold for year 2022 for Caylloma is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 85.5:1, silver to lead ratio of 1:22.9 pounds, and silver to zinc ratio of 1:13.9 pounds.

2 Silver equivalent is calculated using the realized prices for gold, silver, lead, and zinc. Refer to Financial Results - Sales and Realized Prices

#### Reconciliation of All-in Sustaining Cash Cost and All-in Cash Cost per Payable Silver Equivalent Ounce Sold for the Three and Twelve Months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

AISC Per Silver Equivalent Ounce Sold - Q4 2023	San Jose	Caylloma	SEO AISC
Cash cost applicable per silver equivalent ounce sold	26,237	18,750	44,987
Royalties and taxes	815	227	1,042
Worker's participation	(430 )	399	(31 )
General and administration	1,789	1,344	3,133
Stand-by	-	-	-
Total cash costs	28,411	20,720	49,131
Sustaining capital <sup>3</sup>	4,693	10,513	15,206
All-in sustaining costs	33,104	31,233	64,337
Silver equivalent ounces sold <sup>1</sup>	1,505,763	1,398,062	2,903,825
All-in sustaining costs per ounce <sup>2</sup>	21.98	22.34	22.16

1 Silver equivalent sold for Q4 2023 for San Jose is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 84.9:1. Silver equivalent sold for Q4 2023 for Caylloma is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 0.0:1, silver to lead ratio of 1:23.8 pounds, and silver to zinc ratio of 1:20.3 pounds.

2 Silver equivalent is calculated using the realized prices for gold, silver, lead, and zinc. Refer to Financial Results - Sales and Realized Prices

3 Presented on a cash basis

AISC Per Silver Equivalent Ounce Sold - Q4 2022	San Jose	Caylloma	SEO AISC
Cash cost applicable per silver equivalent ounce sold	23,351	16,046	39,397
Royalties and taxes	1,260	181	1,441
Worker's participation	751	480	1,231
General and administration	2,319	928	3,247
Stand-by	-	-	-
Total cash costs	27,681	17,635	45,316
Sustaining capital <sup>3</sup>	4,825	8,506	13,331
All-in sustaining costs	32,506	26,141	58,647
Silver equivalent ounces sold <sup>1</sup>	2,092,500	1,287,998	3,380,498
All-in sustaining costs per ounce <sup>2</sup>	15.53	20.30	17.35

1 Silver equivalent sold for San Jose for Q4 2022 is 81.2:1. Silver equivalent sold for Caylloma for Q4 2022 is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 0.0:1, silver to lead ratio of 1:22.3 pounds, and silver to zinc ratio 1:15.7.

2 Silver equivalent is calculated using the realized prices for gold, silver, lead, and zinc. Refer to Financial Results - Sales and Realized Prices

3 Presented on a cash basis

AISC Per Silver Equivalent Ounce Sold - Year 2023	San Jose	Caylloma	SEO AISC
Cash cost applicable per silver equivalent ounce sold	95,701	73,298	168,999
Royalties and taxes	4,390	1,078	5,468
Worker's participation	(316	) 1,927	1,611
General and administration	7,040	4,810	11,850
Stand-by	4,084	-	4,084
Total cash costs	110,899	81,113	192,012
Sustaining capital <sup>3</sup>	19,111	23,743	42,854
All-in sustaining costs	130,010	104,856	234,866
Silver equivalent ounces sold <sup>1</sup>	6,700,419	5,269,540	11,969,959
All-in sustaining costs per ounce <sup>2</sup>	19.40	19.90	19.62

1 Silver equivalent sold for year 2023 for San Jose is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 83.1:1. Silver equivalent sold for year 2023 for Caylloma is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 81.4:1, silver to lead ratio of 1:23.9 pounds, and silver to zinc ratio of 1:19.0 pounds.

2 Silver equivalent is calculated using the realized prices for gold, silver, lead, and zinc. Refer to Financial Results - Sales and Realized Prices

3 Presented on a cash basis

AISC Per Silver Equivalent Ounce Sold - Year 2022	San Jose	Caylloma	SEO AISC
Cash cost applicable per silver equivalent ounce sold	87,082	66,279	153,361
Royalties and taxes	5,262	867	6,129
Worker's participation	3,096	2,087	5,183
General and administration	7,164	4,063	11,227
Stand-by	-	-	-
Total cash costs	102,604	73,296	175,900
Sustaining capital <sup>3</sup>	21,995	23,246	45,241
All-in sustaining costs	124,599	96,542	221,141
Silver equivalent ounces sold <sup>1</sup>	8,243,436	5,372,277	13,615,713
All-in sustaining costs per ounce <sup>2</sup>	15.11	17.97	16.24

1 Silver equivalent sold for year 2022 for San Jose is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 82.9:1. Silver equivalent sold for year 2022 for Caylloma is calculated using a silver to gold ratio of 85.5:1, silver to lead ratio of 1:22.9 pounds, and silver to zinc ratio of 1:13.9 pounds.

2 Silver equivalent is calculated using the realized prices for gold, silver, lead, and zinc. Refer to Financial Results - Sales and Realized Prices

3 Presented on a cash basis

Additional information regarding the Company's financial results and activities underway are available in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 and accompanying 2023 MD&A, which are available for download on the Company's website, [www.fortunasilver.com](http://www.fortunasilver.com), on SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca) and on EDGAR at [www.sec.gov/edgar](http://www.sec.gov/edgar).

### Conference Call and Webcast

A conference call to discuss the financial and operational results will be held on Thursday, March 7, 2024 at 9:00 a.m. Pacific time | 12:00 p.m. Eastern time. Hosting the call will be Jorge A. Ganoza, President and CEO; Luis D. Ganoza, Chief Financial Officer; Cesar Velasco, Chief Operating Officer - Latin America; and David Whittle, Chief Operating Officer - West Africa.

Shareholders, analysts, media and interested investors are invited to listen to the live conference call by logging onto the webcast at <https://www.webcaster4.com/Webcast/Page/1696/49929> or over the phone by dialing in just prior to the starting time.

### Conference call details:

Date: Thursday, March 7, 2024

Time: 9:00 a.m. Pacific time | 12:00 p.m. Eastern time

Dial in number (Toll Free): +1. 888.506.0062

Dial in number (International): +1.973.528.0011

Entry code: 866537

Replay number (Toll Free): +1.877.481.4010

Replay number (International): +1.919.882.2331

Replay Passcode: 49929

Playback of the earnings call will be available until Thursday, March 21, 2024. Playback of the webcast will be available until Thursday, March 6, 2025. In addition, a transcript of the call will be archived on the Company's website.

### About Fortuna Silver Mines Inc.

[Fortuna Silver Mines Inc.](http://www.fortunasilver.com) is a Canadian precious metals mining company with five operating mines in Argentina, Burkina Faso, Côte d'Ivoire, Mexico, and Peru. Sustainability is integral to all our operations and relationships. We produce gold and silver and generate shared value over the long-term for our stakeholders through efficient production, environmental protection, and social responsibility. For more information, please visit our website.

### ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Jorge A. Ganoza

President, CEO, and Director

[Fortuna Silver Mines Inc.](http://www.fortunasilver.com)

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## Forward-looking Statements

*This news release contains forward-looking statements which constitute "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation and "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (collectively, "Forward-looking Statements"). All statements included herein, other than statements of historical fact, are Forward-looking Statements and are subject to a variety of known and unknown risks and uncertainties which could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those reflected in the Forward-looking Statements. The Forward-looking Statements in this news release include, without limitation, statements about the Company's plans for its mines and mineral properties; the Company's anticipated financial and operational performance in 2024; estimated production and costs of production for 2024, including grade and volume of metal produced and sales, revenues and cashflows, and capital costs (sustaining and non-sustaining), and operating costs, including projected production cash costs and all-in sustaining costs; the ability of the Company to mitigate the inflationary pressures on supplies used in its operations; estimated capital expenditures and estimated exploration spending in 2024, including amounts for exploration activities at its properties; statements regarding the Company's liquidity, access to capital; the impact of high inflation on the costs of production and the supply chain; the Company's expectation that the leach pad expansion project at Lindero will be completed during the second half of 2024; statements that a Preliminary Economic Assessment in respect of the Diamba Sud project will be prepared by the end of 2024, subject to the results of the results of the Company's drill program; statements relating to the anticipated closure of the San Jose Mine and the possibility of extending production beyond 2024; statements that the Diamba Sud project and the Séguéla Mine are priorities for exploration programs in 2024; statements that management has identified opportunities in 2024 to further optimize and debottleneck the processing facility at the Séguéla Mine; the Company's business strategy, plans and outlook, including statements that the Company has guided further growth in 2024 and anticipates further debt reduction; the merit of the Company's mines and mineral properties; mineral resource and reserve estimates, metal recovery rates, concentrate grade and quality; changes in tax rates and tax laws, requirements for permits, anticipated approvals and other matters. Often, but not always, these Forward-looking Statements can be identified by the use of words such as "estimated", "expected", "anticipated", "potential", "open", "future", "assumed", "projected", "used", "detailed", "has been", "gain", "planned", "reflecting", "will", "containing", "remaining", "to be", or statements that events, "could" or "should" occur or be achieved and similar expressions, including negative variations.*

*Forward-looking Statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the Forward-looking Statements. Such uncertainties and factors include, among others, changes in general economic conditions and financial markets; uncertainty relating to new mining operations such as the Séguéla Mine; risks associated with war or other geo-political hostilities, such as the Ukrainian - Russian conflict, any of which could continue to cause a disruption in global economic activity; fluctuation in currencies and foreign exchange rates; increases in the rate of inflation; the imposition or any extension of capital controls in countries in which the Company operates; any changes in tax laws in Argentina and the other countries in which we operate; changes in the prices of key supplies; technological and operational hazards in Fortuna's mining and mine development activities; risks inherent in mineral exploration; uncertainties inherent in the estimation of mineral reserves, mineral resources, and metal recoveries; changes to current estimates of mineral reserves and resources; changes to production and cost estimates; that the appeal filed in the Mexican Collegiate Court challenging the reinstatement of the environmental impact authorization at the San Jose Mine (the "EIA") will be successful; changes in the position of regulatory authorities with respect to the granting of approvals or permits; governmental and other approvals; changes in government, political unrest or instability in countries where Fortuna is active; labor relations issues; as well as those factors discussed under "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Information Form.*

*Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in Forward-looking Statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results to differ from those anticipated, estimated or intended. Forward-looking Statements contained herein are based on the assumptions, beliefs, expectations and opinions of management, including but not limited to the accuracy of the Company's current mineral resource and reserve estimates; that the Company's activities will be conducted in accordance with the Company's public statements and stated goals; that there will be no material adverse change affecting the Company, its properties or changes to production estimates (which assume accuracy of projected ore grade, mining rates, recovery timing, and recovery rate estimates and may be impacted by unscheduled maintenance, labor and contractor availability and other operating or technical difficulties); geopolitical uncertainties that may affect the Company's production, workforce, business, operations and financial condition; the expected trends in mineral prices and currency exchange rates; that the Company will be successful in mitigating the impact of*

*inflation on its business and operations; that the appeal in respect of the ruling in favor of Minera Cuzcatlan reinstating the EIA will not be successful; that all required approvals and permits will be obtained for the Company's business and operations on acceptable terms; that there will be no significant disruptions affecting the Company's operations, the ability to meet current and future obligations and such other assumptions as set out herein. Forward-looking Statements are made as of the date hereof and the Company disclaims any obligation to update any Forward-looking Statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise, except as required by law. There can be no assurance that these Forward-looking Statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, investors should not place undue reliance on Forward-looking Statements.*

#### *Cautionary Note to United States Investors Concerning Estimates of Reserves and Resources*

*Reserve and resource estimates included in this news release have been prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101") and the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy, and Petroleum Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves. NI 43-101 is a rule developed by the Canadian Securities Administrators that establishes standards for public disclosure by a Canadian company of scientific and technical information concerning mineral projects. Unless otherwise indicated, all mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates contained in the technical disclosure have been prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 and the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Reserves. Canadian standards, including NI 43-101, differ significantly from the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and mineral reserve and resource information included in this news release may not be comparable to similar information disclosed by U.S. companies.*

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