

LONDON, UNITED KINGDOM--(Marketwire - Jul 1, 2016) - Condor (AIM:CNR), is pleased to provide an update on regional exploration activities undertaken by Condor during the first half of 2016 are:

Highlights

- Follow up field work on 33 exploration targets identified in a structural geology study and 13 exploration targets identified by the company.
- Initial success highlights a 12.5 km mineralised corridor 9 km north of the main La India open pit resource with high grade rock.
- Soil survey expanded to cover the remaining 242 km² of La India Project to delineate further prospects and demonstrate the district.
- Dr Warren Pratt has joined Condor as a senior geological consultant and will focus on the exploration upside. He is producing a detailed geological map of the La India Project.

Mark Child CEO comments:

"Following on from the successful structural geology study last year, which identified 33 new exploration targets, and a 71 km² soil survey, Condor recently initiated a further 242 km² soil survey programme at La India Project aimed at identifying additional prospects in the La India Project. Recent work by Condor geologists has identified a 12.5 km long mineralised corridor 9 km to the north of La India open pit. This northern end of the Andrea-Limonos mineralised corridor, some 6 km away from the nearest gold mineral resource, is highly encouraging."

"I am delighted that Dr Warren Pratt has joined Condor as a senior geological consultant. He will advise the Board on the exploration upside over the next two weeks at Mina La India and will lead the production of a detailed geological, stratigraphic and structural map across the entire District. This recent investment in the Company by Ross Beaty and strengthens the geological team."

Background

In 2015 Condor geologists completed a regional B-horizon 53 element ultra-trace soil geochemistry survey (a soil survey) comprising a phase of 5,767 samples over 55 km² on a 200m by 50m grid with some 100 m x 50 m infill sampling in La India South - Mojarra Area. A detailed review of the survey collected on a 400 m by 100 m grid over the interpreted northwest strike extension of the El Tanque structure. A detailed review of the survey identified five priority targets with overlapping gold, upflow and high level indicators and a further seven targets with coincident gold and upflow indicators.

Also in 2015 senior consultant structural geologist Dr Tony Starling of Telluris Consulting Ltd completed a study on the structural geology of the district, resulting in a stepwise improvement in our understanding of the structural evolution of the district geology and defined the favourable structural framework for epithermal gold. Dr Starling identified 33 exploration targets, 23 of which have known gold veining at surface (See RNS dated 15th September 2015).

Follow up of exploration of targets

Follow up geological mapping and prospecting has been carried out over the majority of the areas covered by the soil survey and structural geology study.

During this period a total of 114 rock chips were sampled (figure 1) of which 15 samples have come back with gold values of 1-5 g/t. This is significant when compared to the characteristics observed in this area, including opaline quartz, sinter and silicified wood fragments.

Some highlights of the follow up work are:

- Several rock chips with anomalous gold values identify a possible NW striking 1.5 km structure to the southeast of the El Tanque structure. This structure is consistent with Dr Starling's structural geology analysis. Rock chips have characteristic high level quartz textures and lie 70-140 m topographically above the surface. This structure is a new prospect (figure 1), possibly indicating that mineralization at depth can be extended to the southeast.
- The soil survey identified a gold anomaly along a corridor that extends from the southernmost surface exposure of the Andrea vein structure 1.5 km to the southeast. Prospecting to date has not been able to identify a surface expression of the continuity of the Andrea vein structure. Silica deposits identified recently, may represent the surface expression of a deeper level mineralized structure that connects the Andrea vein structure to the Los Limones area.
- To the northwest of the Andrea vein, several rockchips with anomalous gold values and boiling textures were collected in an area that is consistent with the Los Limones area, where high grade veins have been sampled, including a 53.9 g/t Au. These findings indicate that the mineralization extends from the Cristalito prospect northwest to Los Limones area.

Figure 1. Location of rock chip samples obtained during the period October 2015-May 2016.

<http://media3.marketwire.com/docs/1061236fig1.jpg>.

District wide soil sampling

During the first week of June 2016, Condor initiated a district wide soil sampling survey to cover the remaining areas of Condor Gold District.

by the 2015 survey. An estimated total of 6,300 samples will be collected covering an approximate area of 242 km².

The fine-fraction B-horizon soil samples will be analysed for 53 elements at ultra-trace detection limits at Bureau Veritas Laboratories.

The survey will be carried out using three different sampling spacings (figure 2). A core area covering the main area of known veins is 200 x 50 m. The northwest mineralized corridor within the El Rodeo concession will be sampled with a grid of 400 x 100 m. The rest of the area will be sampled at a wider spacing of 400 x 400 m.

Sampling and interpretation of results is planned to conclude by the end of 2016. Infill sampling of geochemical anomalies in the wider area will be used to define the prospects.

Figure 2. Soil sampling areas covered during 2015 and proposal for 2016 survey.

<http://media3.marketwire.com/docs/1061236fig2.jpg>.

Geological mapping

Condor has engaged Dr. Warren Pratt of Specialised Geological Mapping Ltd. as a senior geological consultant who, together with other consultants, will carry out stratigraphic and structural mapping of La India District. Dr. Pratt will also train Condor's geologists and establish a methodology for sample collection and interpretation procedures.

Dr. Pratt (BSc Geology, Hull, 1986; PhD Structural Geology, University of Wales, 1990) is the founder of Specialised Geological Mapping Ltd. He has extensive field experience and extensive world-wide field mapping experience in a great variety of geological terrains. Since 1995 he has worked on projects including consulting on some World Class mineral deposits. These include Navidad (Argentina) and Ventana Gold (Colombia). Dr Pratt has worked in under-explored areas, including the Cañicapa high sulfidation gold project, discovered during a World Bank program in Ecuador. He has also worked on an Igor gold/silver epithermal deposit ([Peruvian Precious Metals Corp.](#)) in Peru.

Competent Person's Declaration

The information in this announcement that relates to the mineral potential, geology, Exploration Results and database has been reviewed by Peter Flindell who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, and a geologist with the experience of precious and base metal mineral resources. Peter Flindell is a Non-Executive Director of [Condor Gold plc](#) and has sufficient experience of the type of deposit under consideration, and to the type of activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Qualifying Person as defined in the ASX Listing Rules for Oil & Gas Companies. Peter Flindell consents to the inclusion in the announcement of the matters based on the information in the form of this information is accurate and not false or misleading.

Technical Glossary

B-horizon soil	The organic-poor soil horizon consisting of typically brown coloured compacted textures. This horizon often occurs beneath the organic-rich A-horizon and is usually present.
Assay	The laboratory test conducted to determine the proportion of a mineral value per million which is equivalent to grams of the mineral (i.e. gold) per tonne.
Geochemistry Geophysics	The study of the elements and their interaction as minerals to make up rocks and the earth's physical parameters using non-invasive methods such as magnetic conductivity, seismic response and natural radioactive emissions.
Hydrothermal	Hot water circulation often caused by heating of groundwater by near surface volcanic activity. Hydrothermal waters can contain significant concentrations of dissolved minerals.
ICP-MS (Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry)	A technique that measures the concentrations of elements in a substance dissolved in a solution, typically an acid, ionizing a sample and separating the ions to measure their mass-to-charge ratio. The technique is capable of measuring very low concentrations.
Magnetic (aeromagnetic) survey	The measurement of the magnetic properties of the earth surface as controlled by minerals, particularly magnetite, in the rock. Rocks containing higher levels of magnetite in sedimentary rocks will have a higher magnetic susceptibility than felsic igneous rocks and their metamorphic derivatives.
Mineral Resource	A concentration or occurrence of material of economic interest in or on the earth's crust where there are reasonable and realistic prospects for eventual economic extraction. The geological characteristics of a Mineral Resource are known, estimated from exploration data, and are well constrained and portrayed geological model.

Mineral Reserve

The economically mineable part of a Measured and/or Indicated Mineral Reserve, which may occur when the material is mined. Appropriate assessments should include consideration of and modification by realistically assumed mining, environmental, social and governmental factors. These assessments do not need to be reasonably justified. Ore Reserves are sub-divided in order of increasing confidence. Ore Reserves.

Radiometric

Also known as gamma ray spectrometry, is the measure of natural radioactivity and the abundance of the three naturally occurring radioactive elements, potassium, uranium and thorium, to determine the abundance of minerals containing those elements. This information is used in the definition of areas of potassium enrichment related to hydrothermal mineralisation.

Rock chip

A sample of rock collected for analysis, from one or several close spaced locations. This type of sample is not representative of the variation in grade across a vein and results cannot be used in a Mineral Resource Estimation.

Stockwork

Multiple connected veins with more than one orientation, typically consisting of a main vein and veinlets.

Strike length Vein

The longest horizontal dimension of an ore body or zone of mineralisation. A sheet-like body of crystallised minerals within a rock, generally forming a vein. Economic concentrations of gold are often contained within vein mineralisation.

For further information please visit www.condorgold.com

About Condor Gold plc:

[Condor Gold plc](#) was admitted to AIM on 31st May 2006. The Company is a gold exploration and development company with a focus on the Americas.

Condor completed a Pre-Feasibility Study (PFS) and two Preliminary Economic Assessments (PEA) on La India Project in Nicaragua. The PFS identified a mineral reserve of 6.9M tonnes at 3.0g/t gold for 675,000 oz gold producing 80,000 oz gold p.a. for 7 years. The PEA for the open pit mine for 8 years whereas the PEA for a combination of open pit and underground details 140,000 oz gold production p.a. for 8 years. La India has a resource of 18.4Mt at 3.9g/t for 2.33M oz gold and 2.68M oz silver at 6.2g/t to the CIM Code.

In El Salvador, Condor has an attributable 1,004,000 oz gold equivalent at 2.6g/t JORC compliant resource. The resource calculation was completed by Geosure Consulting (UK) Limited for Nicaragua and Ravensgate and Geosure for El Salvador.

Disclaimer

Neither the contents of the Company's website nor the contents of any website accessible from hyperlinks on the Company's website are intended to form part of, this announcement.

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