

First Cobalt Reports Positive Drill Results from Woods Extension

10.01.2018 | [CNW](#)

TORONTO, Jan. 10, 2018 /CNW/ - [First Cobalt Corp.](#) (TSX-V: FCC, ASX: FCC, OTCQB: FTSSF) (the "Company") is pleased to announce positive assay results from two holes intersecting cobalt mineralization on two separate veins in the Woods Extension area of the Cobalt Camp, Ontario. One intersection occurs along strike of the Watson vein and the other is likely a new vein between the Woods and Watson veins. These intercepts, in conjunction with previous results from this area, suggest a deformation zone of mineralization may exist between the Woods and Watson veins.

Highlights

- 0.57% Co and 1.40% Ni over 0.40m in hole KF-WV-0003 on a new vein between the Woods and Watson veins
- 0.34% Co over 0.40m in hole KF-WV-0007 in the Woods Extension Area representing a possible extension of the Watson vein system
- Several carbonate veins have now been intersected in the Woods Extension area to the north of the Keeley-Frontier mine, suggesting a broad deformation zone of mineralization may exist rather than discrete individual veins

Trent Mell, President & Chief Executive Officer, commented:

"Drill results from Woods Extension continue to prove exciting during these early days of our Cobalt Camp drilling. All drill holes in this area have hit meaningful values of cobalt or other metals and the mineralization is open along strike northward. It is exciting that cobalt mineralization has been intersected to the north and south of the historic Keeley and Frontier mines, where there was silver mineralization."

Possible Deformation Zone at Woods Extension Area

The Woods and Watson veins accounted for over 80% of the production in the southern end of the Cobalt Camp area known as the Silver Centre. The veins were previously believed to have ended at an east-west fault. Assays in this area, however, show the mineralization system extends northward beyond the historic mine workings, in an area previously unexplored (Figure 1).

Nine drill holes were completed at the Woods Extension area to the north of the Frontier mine to test the possible extension of the Woods and Watson veins. Assay results have been received from seven drill holes. Calcite veins have been intersected in three holes and five holes returned anomalous cobalt (>0.05% Co). A number of samples from these five drill holes have also returned anomalous silver (>10 g/t) as well as other metals Cu, Zn and Pb, which may represent a broad zone of mineralization rather than discrete individual veins. The lower grade of silver mineralization may explain the lack of mine development to the north of the historic Frontier mine, but this area remains prospective for cobalt mineralization.

Hole KF-WV-0003 intersects a calcite vein containing cobalt occurring between the Woods and Watson Veins (Figure 2). It returned 0.57% Co and 1.4% Ni over 0.4m. The higher grade nickel is noteworthy as this has not been described previously in the area. Elevated nickel is commonly associated with cobalt-silver mineralization elsewhere in the Cobalt Camp suggesting this may be part of a network developed in a broad deformation zone between these two major veins.

Early results from hole KF-WV-0002, which is collared at the same station as KF-WV-0003, were reported November 2, 2017. Further interpretation of KF-WV-0002 indicate an intersection of the Woods Vein at 111.9m, where cobalt was assayed and returned (>0.05% Co) and below (0.03% Co) historic mine workings, thereby providing support to the view that KF-WV-0003 encountered a new vein.

Hole KF-WV-0007 to the north of KF-WV-0003, returned 0.34% Co over 0.4 metres (Figure 3). Hole KF-WV-0008, which was reported November 2, 2017, is collared from the same station as KF-WV-0007 and contains 0.83% Co and 30 g/t Ag over 0.48 metres. These two intersections are believed to be part of the Watson Vein. Multiple holes were collared from the same drill station.

locations during this program to determine the dip of the major veins within the Keeley-Frontier mines. Although only a few intersections are now interpreted in this area, the Watson vein does appear to bend around mafic and felsic dykes, therefore intersections easily have been missed by mining along a single narrow drift.

Potential for further mineralization north of the Keeley-Frontier mine remains high.

Table 1. Assay Results Summary

		From	To	Length	Co	Ag	Ni	Cu	Zn	Pb
Hole ID	Vein	m	m	m	%	g/t	%	%	%	%
KF-WV-0003	new	107.1	107.5	0.4	0.57	2	1.40	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
KF-WV-0007	Watson	38.5	38.9	0.4	0.34	3	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01

The strike extension and dip orientation of the Woods and Watson veins had been assumed from the location of the mine prior to drilling. Based on logging of these nine holes and the current assay results, several carbonate veins have been identified suggesting either a broad deformation zone, where a cluster of cobalt veins have developed or that the Woods and Watson veins are not linear as historical records indicate.

Other Targets

First Cobalt has completed 61 holes in its maiden drill campaign in the Ontario Cobalt Camp. The initial diamond drilling program was designed to test vein sets mapped in outcrop in ten areas known to be cobalt-rich over a two kilometre strike length encompassing the past producing Keeley, Frontier, Haileybury and Bellelles mines.

First Cobalt previously reported assay results confirming the presence of three cobalt bearing veins to the southwest of the mine. Drill hole KF-KD-0005, reported December 19, 2017, intersected three different cobalt veins including 0.12% Co over 0.3m in the Woods vein, >1.00% Co over 0.42m, pending over-range assays, in the KeeleyCo#1 vein and 0.60% Co over 0.3m in the KeeleyCo#2 vein. KeeleyCo#1 and KeeleyCo#2 veins are interpreted as parallel structures to the Woods vein. Zinc and silver were also intersected as part of a hydrothermal halo around the vein systems provides another example of previously unknown mineralization now seen elsewhere in the Cobalt Camp.

At Frontier 1, results from five of nine holes included a previously reported new silver-bearing vein grading 27.75 g/t Ag over 9.53 metres, as reported November 2, 2017. Assay results from other holes along the Frontier 1 vein encountered anomalous cobalt (>0.05%) and results from the other drill holes are pending.

For a table of drill hole locations and assay results to date, visit <https://firstcobalt.com/projects/greater-cobalt-project>.

Next Steps

Additional drilling has been planned in the Woods Extension area following the program at Bellelles due to commence in 2018. Borehole electromagnetic (EM) geophysical surveys were not possible in most holes in the Woods Extension area due to historic mine workings and some collapsed holes. Ground EM survey tests are being considered.

The 2017 drill program was designed to test structures to learn more about vein orientations and determine the grades of the rocks to known Ag-Co calcite veins and in the veins themselves. 2017 surface sampling results from Drummond, Juno and Banner mines in Cobalt North, the Caswell mine in Cobalt Central and the Bellelles mine in Cobalt South, together with the drilling assays have been integrated into First Cobalt's geological model to plan the 2018 drill program.

Quality Assurance and Quality Control

First Cobalt has implemented a quality-control program to comply with common industry best practices for sampling and

Samples are collected from drill core from a range of 30 to 100cm length. Half-core samples are submitted for analyses and blanks are inserted every 20 samples. Duplicates are made from quarter core splits every 20 samples. Geochemical results are received from AGAT Laboratories in Mississauga, Ontario, Canada. No QA/QC issues have been noted. AGAT Laboratories used a sodium-peroxide fusion and ICP finish for analyses on all samples.

Anomalous cobalt is defined as >0.05% which reflects over 10 times values above average mafic volcanic rock and diorite in the Keeley-Frontier mine area. Silver values in these rocks are typically below detection limits (1 gram per tonne), so a 1 gpt is considered here to represent an anomalous threshold.

Qualified and Competent Person Statement

Dr. Frank Santaguida, P.Geo., is the Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101 who has reviewed and approved the contents of this news release. Dr. Santaguida is also a Competent Person (as defined in the JORC Code, 2012 edition) and a practicing member of the Association of Professional Geologists of Ontario (being a 'Recognised Professional Organisation' for the purposes of the ASX Listing Rules). Dr. Santaguida is employed on a full-time basis as Vice President, Exploration at First Cobalt. He has sufficient experience that is relevant to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the JORC Code.

About First Cobalt

First Cobalt is the largest land owner in the Cobalt Camp in Ontario, Canada. The Company controls over 10,000 hectares of prospective land and 50 historic mines as well as a mill and the only permitted cobalt refinery in North America capable of producing battery materials. First Cobalt began drilling in the Cobalt Camp in 2017 and seeks to build shareholder value through new discovery and growth opportunities.

On behalf of [First Cobalt Corp.](#)

Trent Mell
President & Chief Executive Officer

Neither TSX Venture Exchange nor its Regulation Services Provider (as that term is defined in policies of the TSX Venture Exchange) accepts responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of this release.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This news release may contain forward-looking statements and forward-looking information (together, "forward-looking statements") within the meaning of applicable securities laws and the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, are forward-looking statements. Generally, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of terminology such as "plans", "expects", "estimates", "intends", "anticipates", "believes", "variations of such words, or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might", "occur" or "be achieved". Forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results, performance and opportunities to differ materially from those implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from these forward-looking statements include the reliability of the historical data referenced in this press release and risks set out in First Cobalt's public documents, including in each management discussion and analysis, filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Although First Cobalt believes that the information and assumptions used in preparing the forward-looking statements are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on these statements, which only apply as of the date of this release, and no assurance can be given that such events will occur in the disclosed time frames or at all. Except where required by applicable law, First Cobalt disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

For more information, visit www.firstcobalt.com or contact: Heather Smiles, Investor Relations, info@firstcobalt.com, +1.416.900.3891

SOURCE [First Cobalt Corp.](#)

Dieser Artikel stammt von [Rohstoff-Welt.de](https://www.rohstoff-welt.de)

Die URL für diesen Artikel lautet:

<https://www.rohstoff-welt.de/news/287204--First-Cobalt-Reports-Positive-Drill-Results-from-Woods-Extension.html>

Für den Inhalt des Beitrages ist allein der Autor verantwortlich bzw. die aufgeführte Quelle. Bild- oder Filmrechte liegen beim Autor/Quelle bzw. bei der vom ihm benannten Quelle. Bei Übersetzungen können Fehler nicht ausgeschlossen werden. Der vertretene Standpunkt eines Autors spiegelt generell nicht die Meinung des Webseiten-Betreibers wieder. Mittels der Veröffentlichung will dieser lediglich ein pluralistisches Meinungsbild darstellen. Direkte oder indirekte Aussagen in einem Beitrag stellen keinerlei Aufforderung zum Kauf-/Verkauf von Wertpapieren dar. Wir wehren uns gegen jede Form von Hass, Diskriminierung und Verletzung der Menschenwürde. Beachten Sie bitte auch unsere [AGB/Disclaimer!](#)

Die Reproduktion, Modifikation oder Verwendung der Inhalte ganz oder teilweise ohne schriftliche Genehmigung ist untersagt!
Alle Angaben ohne Gewähr! Copyright © by Rohstoff-Welt.de -1999-2025. Es gelten unsere [AGB](#) und [Datenschutzrichtlinien](#).